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Banco BOCOM BBM S.A.

Consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate at June 30, 2019 and independent auditor's report





(A free translation of the original in Portuguese)

Independent auditor's report on the consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders Banco BOCOM BBM S.A.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate of Banco BOCOM BBM S.A. (the "Bank" or "Prudential Conglomerate"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at June 30, 2019 and the statements of income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. These special purpose consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with specified procedures as established in Resolution n^{o} 4,280, from October 31,2013, issued by National Monetary Council (CMN), and supplementary regulations of the Brazilian Central Bank (BACEN), described in Note 2.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the consolidated Prudential Conglomerate of Banco BOCOM BBM S.A. as at June 30, 2019, and the consolidated financial performance and cash flows, for the six-month period then ended, in accordance with the provisions for the preparation of consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate established by Resolution 4,280 of the CMN and supplementary regulations of BACEN, for the preparation of these special purpose consolidated financial statements, as described in the Note 2.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate. We are independent of the Bank and companies of the Prudential Conglomerate in accordance with the ethical requirements established in the Code of Professional Ethics and Professional Standards issued by the Brazilian Federal Accounting Council, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of matter

Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to the Note 2, which discloses that the consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate were prepared by management to comply with the



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requirements of Resolution n° 4,280 of the CMN, and supplementary regulations of BACEN. Consequently, our report on these consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate was prepared exclusively for the compliance with these specific requirements and, accordingly, may not be suitable for another purpose.

Other matters

Financial statements of parent company and consolidated financial statements

Banco BOCOM BBM S.A. prepared a set of parent company and consolidated financial statements for general purposes referring to six-month period then ended in June 30, 2019, in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil, applicable to institutions authorized to operate by the Brazilian Central Bank (BACEN). Our independent auditor's report on those statements, dated August 12, 2019, was unmodified.

Other information accompanying the consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate and the independent auditor's report

The Bank's management is responsible for the other information that comprises the Management Report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate does not cover the Management Report, and we do not express any form of audit conclusion thereon.

In connection with the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate, our responsibility is to read the Management Report and, in doing so, consider whether this report is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement in the Management Report, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the of the consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate of Banco BOCOM BBM S.A. in accordance with Resolution n° 4,280 of the National Monetary Council (CMN), and supplementary regulations of the Brazilian Central Bank (BACEN), whose main criteria and accounting policies are disclosed in the notes 2 and 3, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate, management is responsible for assessing the Bank the ability to continue as going concerns, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance in the Bank and companies of the Prudential Conglomerate are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process.



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Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate, prepared in accordance with Resolution nº 4,280 of the National Monetary Council (CMN), and supplementary regulations of the Brazilian Central Bank (BACEN), as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing, whereas the NBC TA 800 (Special Conditions - Audit Financial Statements in accordance with special purpose accounting conceptual structures), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud
 may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control of the Bank and companies of the
 Prudential Conglomerate.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank to continue as going concerns. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as going concerns.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate, including the disclosures, and whether these financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



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• Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Rio de Janeiro, August 12, 2019

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Auditores Independentes
CRC 2SP000160/O-5

Claudia Eliza Medeiros de Miranda Contadora CRC 1RJ087128/O-0



Management's Report

Who We Are

Recognized for tradition and excellence, Banco BOCOM BBM is controlled by one of China's five largest commercial banks, Bank of Communications, which owns 80% of its equity. Brazilian shareholders own the rest.

Always dedicated to delivering the best solutions to clients, our institution aims to meet the credit and financial service needs of corporations established in Brazil, as well as offering wealth management services for individuals and families.

We have expanded operations in the local debt capital market (DCM) by originating, structuring and distributing debt instruments with the aim of offering clients a differentiated funding alternative and enhancing their debt profile.

Management Message

In the first half of 2019 the Brazilian economy repeated the dynamics of previous years, with initial optimism giving way to more timid growth projections. GDP growth appears set to come in under 1% in 2019.

The inflation outlook remained favorable. Projections for 2019 and 2020 are below the midpoint of the target band, and potential drivers of upside pressure are weak or nonexistent: the output gap has not closed, i.e. economic growth remains below potential, and the negative supply shocks in food and gasoline are dissipating.

Evidence that a new equilibrium has been reached, with lower neutral rates, has accumulated in recent months, reinforcing the conclusion that monetary policy is not very stimulative.

On the external front, the global economy continues to decelerate, causing a reversal of the monetary policy outlook in several countries. The Fed lowered its policy rate at the July meeting of the FOMC in order to protect US growth. In Europe, the ECB indicated that it might push its rate even further into negative territory. Other central banks have also loosened policy or are about to do so.

The combination of weak activity, inflation below target, a lower neutral rate and burgeoning global liquidity enabled the Central Bank of Brazil to cut its policy rate (Selic) from 6.5% to 6.0% p.a. We expect more cuts in the months ahead, taking the Selic to 5.0% p.a., the lowest ever in Brazil.

Finally, pension reform proceedings moved towards a positive outcome: the reform was approved in the lower house of Congress and is now in the Senate, which is expected to maintain the current format that generate savings of BRL 930 billion in ten years. The reduction in this uncertainty and lower rates make room for a gradual resumption of economic growth in the quarters ahead.

Performance of Prudential Conglomerate

The Prudential Conglomerate posted equity of R\$ 620 million and net income of R\$ 38 million at June 30, 2019, which corresponds to annual profitability of 12.49% calculated based on the average equity for the period.

Total assets in the first half of 2019 amounted to R\$ 6,927 million. The volume raised in the domestic and foreign markets totaled R\$ 5,750 million at the period end, an increase of 24% compared to June 30, 2018. The Bank's Basel Capital Adequacy Ratio was 16.32% at the end of the semester.

Credit for companies

The Bank's extended credit portfolio (including advances on foreign exchange contracts and guarantees provided through sureties and collateral) totaled R\$ 5,487 million at the end of the semester, an increase of 32% compared to June 30, 2018.

Capitalizing on the expertise developed over the years, both by the commercial team and the Products and Treasury areas, the Bank operates on a dynamic and selective basis, seeking to ensure that its products suit its clients' needs, adjusting flows and guarantees.

Prudential Conglomerate

Management's Report

Wealth Management

Banco BOCOM BBM's Wealth Management area uses constantly updated tools for asset management of Brazilian and foreign clients, through diversified financial products in an open platform, meeting the long-term objectives. In the past year our Assets under advisory increased 35% from R\$ 5,780 million in June 30, 2018 to R\$ 7,777 million in June 30, 2019.

Financial Services

BOCOM BBM offers financial services, including the structuring and distribution of securities, derivative operations and other products. In order to better meet the needs of our customers, the continuous increase in the scope of financial services and products is a priority in BOCOM BBM's expansion strategy.

In the first semester in 2019, the Bank coordinated issuances of R\$ 432 million in securities, of which R\$ 385 million in Debentures and Promissory Notes and R\$ 47 million in CRI. Our service revenue of structuring and distribution of securities has increased to more than 34%, comparing to 2018.

People

Banco BOCOM BBM is a center for identification and training of talents, which values the systematic pursuit of the latest knowledge and honors professionals who want to achieve their professional ambitions while adding value to the Group. We are in close contact with the academic environment, investing in the identification and qualification of talent, making partnerships with the most renowned universities of Brazil, offering scholarships and awards to essays and thesis. We provide ideal conditions for practical learning, once it offers a direct contact with the financial market day-to-day dynamics through a broad exchange of knowledge inside a highly qualified professional and teamwork environment.

Credit Rating

In Banco BOCOM BBM's view, rating agencies' ratings are an important source of transparent and independent assessment of the quality of our credit.

Moody's Investors Service reaffirmed the ratings of Banco BOCOM BBM on April 26, 2019. On a global scale, "Ba1" rating was assigned to our senior unsecured local currency debts, with a notch above the sovereign rating ("Ba2") and stable perspective. In the national scale Banco BOCOM BBM was rated as "Aaa.br", the best possible credit rating in this category.

In addition, on October 19, 2018, the rating process was completed by Fitch. Nationwide was awarded the long-term rating "AAA (bra)", the highest possible rating in this category. On a global scale, long-term issuer default ratings (IDRs) "BB" and "BB+" were assigned in foreign currency and local currency respectively, being above the sovereign rating ("BB-"). The perspective for these ratings is stable.



ssets		In R\$ thousand			
	Note	Prudential Co	onglomerate		
		06/30/2019	06/30/2018		
Current assets		3,492,731	2,895,551		
Cash and cash equivalents	4	38,713	37,289		
Cash		3	3		
Free reserves		164	265		
Funds in foreign currency		38,546	37,021		
Short-term interbank investments	5	681,201	381,662		
Open market investments	4	553,080	185,016		
Interbank deposits		3,574	=		
Investments in foreign currencies	4	124,547	196,646		
Marketable securities and derivative financial instruments	6	246,840	312,305		
Bank portfolio		5,355	177,767		
Subject to repurchase agreements		12,476	3,921		
Linked to guarantees given		207,222	58,017		
Derivative financial instruments	20	21,787	72,599		
Interbank accounts		13,152	7,341		
Check Payment Services and Other Papers		218	_		
Deposits - Central Bank of Brazil		1,650	1,479		
Correspondent banks		11,284	5,862		
Loan transactions	7	1,823,352	1,341,721		
Discounted securities and loans		1,065,297	789,090		
Financing		562,393	343,077		
Rural and agroindustrial financing		211,916	242,345		
Allowance for loans		(16,254)	(32,791)		
Other receivables		644,252	778,204		
Foreign exchange portfolio	8	460,693	687,104		
Unearned income		6,666	5,000		
Trading and brokerage		1,555	2,979		
Honoured guarantee and surety	7	-	19,954		
Sundry	13	134,442	36,452		
Tax credits	23	51,197	53,055		
Allowance for other receivables	7	(10,301)	(26,340)		
Other assets	14	45,221	37,030		



Assets		In R\$ thousand		
	Note	Prudential Co	onglomerate	
Noncurrent assets		06/30/2019	06/30/2018	
Long-term assets		3,409,803	2,727,042	
Short-term interbank investments Interbank deposits	5	- -	3,361 3,361	
Marketable securities and derivative financial instruments	6	1,531,482	1,189,518	
Bank portfolio		979,363	828,990	
Linked to repurchase agreements		381,566	168,158	
Linked to guarantees given Derivative financial instruments	20	147,124	187,553 4,818	
Provisions for marketable securities	20	23,791 (362)	4,010	
FIOVISIONS TO THAT RELABILE SECURICES		(302)		
Loan transactions	7	1,847,912	1,454,271	
Discounted securities and loans	_	1,020,460	842,125	
Financing		428,200	270,467	
Rural and agroindustrial financing		417,502	359,652	
Allowance for loans		(18,250)	(17,973)	
Other receivables		30,409	79,892	
Unearned income		4,062	2,115	
Sundry	13	6,212	54,133	
Tax credits	23	20,883	23,644	
Allowance for other receivables	7	(748)	=	
Permanent assets		24,304	9,690	
Investments		226	- '	
Other investments		2,854	2,628	
Provision for losses		(2,628)	(2,628)	
Property and equipment in use		10,454	4,623	
Intangible assets		13,624	5,067	
Total assets		6,926,838	5,632,283	



Liabilities		In R\$ the	ousand
	Note	Prudential Co	nglomerate
		06/30/2019	06/30/2018
Current liabilities		3,950,802	2,974,808
Deposits Demand deposits Time deposits Interbank deposits	9	1,303,136 120,325 1,180,782 2,029	797,023 133,912 658,556 4,555
Repurchase agreements Bank portfolio	10	376,633 376,633	69,208 69,208
Funds from acceptance and issue of securities Liabilities from issue of agribusiness credit bills Liabilities from issue of real estate credit bills Liabilities from issue of credit bills	11	1,777,922 942,986 23,963 810,973	1,661,304 1,123,891 72,344 465,069
Interbank accounts Receipts and payments to be settled		1,094 1,094	55 55
Interbranch accounts Third-party funds in transit		78,017 78,017	101,007 101,007
Borrowings Loans abroad	12	279,604 279,604	148,970 148,970
Lending Obligations - Official Institutions Other institutions	12	10,727 10,727	1,551 1,551
Derivative financial instruments Derivative financial instruments	6 and 20	13,370 13,370	24,231 24,231
Other liabilities Collection of similar taxes Foreign exchange portfolio Statutory Tax and social security Securities trading	8	110,299 147 43,501 19,018 26,250	171,458 887 98,764 20,303 16,796
Allowance for financial guarantees Sundry	7 and 25	779 20,603	966 33,734



Liabilities		In R\$ thousand		
	Note	Prudential Co	nglomerate	
Noncurrent liabilities		06/30/2019	06/30/2018	
Long-term payables		2,342,826	2,051,726	
Deposits	9	428,093	303,299	
Time deposits Interbank deposits		428,093 -	302,956 343	
Funds from acceptance and issue of securities	11	1,362,578	1,277,209	
Liabilities from issue of agribusiness credit bills Liabilities from issue of real estate credit bills		502,711 55,842	278,887 15,660	
Liabilities from issue of credit bills		598,387	982,662	
Liabilities from issue of credit bills subordinated debts		205,638	-	
Borrowings	12	396,294	387,038	
Loans abroad		396,294	387,038	
Derivative financial instruments	6 and 20	70,570	30,767	
Derivative financial instruments		70,570	30,767	
Other liabilities		85,291	53,415	
Social		33,149	16,119	
Statutory		21,435	10,698	
Tax and social security	7 4 25	18,850	11,502	
Sundry Allowance for financial guarantees	7 and 25	11,826 31	14,810 286	
Deferred income	26 b	13,049	11,093	
Equity	15	620,161	594,656	
Share Capital Domiciled in Brazil		469,300 469,300	469,300 469,300	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	·	
Market value adjustment of securities and derivatives Securities held for sale		58 58	(1,492) (1,492)	
Income reserves		332,642	308,687	
Treasury stock		(181,839)	(181,839)	
Total liabilities and equity		6,926,838	5,632,283	



Income Statement

		In R\$ thousand			
		Prudential Co	onglomerate		
	Note	06/30/2019	06/30/2018		
Financial income		254,823	335,747		
Loan transactions Income from marketable securities transactions Result of exchange operations Gain on derivative financial instruments	5 and 6 16 20	158,322 85,399 11,102	144,396 50,086 118,306 22,959		
Financial expenses		(145,971)	(222,738)		
Market funding operations Income from derivative financial instruments Loans, assignments and onlending operations Set up of allowance doubtful accounts (Provisions) for marketable securities	16 20 16 7 6	(127,842) (150) (7,048) (10,569) (362)	(139,314) - (62,348) (21,076) -		
Gross financial income	_	108,852	113,009		
Other operating income (expenses)		(32,688)	(35,684)		
Service revenues Personnel expenses	17	43,485 (36,919)	31,748 (32,755)		
Other administrative expenses Tax expenses Other operating income Other operating expenses	18	(29,661) (10,476) 935 (52)	(27,947) (7,633) 1,013 (112)		
Operating income	_	76,164	77,325		
Non-operating expenses		(312)	(2,908)		
Income before income taxes and profit sharing	-	75,852	74,416		
Income and social contributions taxes Provision for income tax Provision for social contribution tax Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)	23	(15,647) (11,308) (6,407) 2,068	(15,889) (6,532) (4,048) (5,309)		
Profit sharing – management and employees		(22,070)	(19,685)		
Net income	_	38,135	38,842		
Earnings per outstanding share	_	0.19	0.19		



Statements of changes in equity of Banco BOCOM BBM S.A.

				In R\$ thousand			
	Income reserves Capital		eserves	Market value adjustment of securities and derivatives	Treasury	Retained	Total
	Сарка	Legal	Statutory	Bank	shares	earnings	
Six-month period ended June 30, 2018							
Balances at January 1, 2018 Market value adjustments - marketable securities Net income for the semester Allocations:	469,300	28,489	260,319	(1,356) (136)	(181,839)	- 38,842	574,914 (136) 38,842
- Reserves - Interest on equity (R\$ 1.06 per share)		1,942	17,936			(19,878) (18,964)	(18,964)
Balances at June 30, 2018	469,300	30,431	278,255	(1,492)	(181,839)		594,656
Changes in the period	_	1,942	17,936	(136)	-		19,742
Six-month period ended June 30, 2019							
Balances at January 1, 2019 Market value adjustments - marketable securities	469,300	31,672	282,066	48 10	(181,839)		601,247 10
Net income for the semester						38,135	38,135
Allocations: - Reserves - Interest on equity (R\$ 0.07 per share)		1,907	16,997			(18,904) (19,231)	(19,231)
Balances at June 30, 2019	469,300	33,579	299,063	58	(181,839)		620,161
Changes in the period		1,907	16,997	10	-		18,914



Statement of Cash Flow

	In R\$ thousand	
	Prudential C	onglomerate
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018
Cash flow statements		
Net income	38,135	38,842
Adjustments to net income:	20,471	22,406
Allowance for doubtful accounts	10,569	21,076
Depreciation and amortization	2,613	1,064
Expenses from civil, labor and tax allowances	312	(1,286)
Deferred income and social contribution taxes	(2,068)	
Unrealized gains/losses on marketable securities and derivatives	9,035	(3,756)
Market value adjustments - marketable securities	10	-
Adjusted net income	58,606	61,249
(Increase) in short-term interbank investments	(108)	(103)
(Increase) in marketable securities and derivative financial instruments	(316,466)	(15,757)
Increase/(Decrease) in interbank and interbranch accounts	(12,307)	
(Increase) in loan and lease transactions	(461,552)	
Increase in deposits	488,430	143,213
(Decrease) in open market funding	(219,451)	
Increase in securities issue resources	202,442	504,136
Increase/(Decrease) in borrowings and onlending	50,236	(155,817)
Increase in deferred income	2,927	2,057
(Increase) in other assets Increase in other liabilities	(187,139) 35,991	(151,005) 109,960
Therease in other habilities	33,991	109,900
Net cash flow from (used in) operating activities	(416,996)	8,678
Cash flow from investing activities:		
(Increase) in investments	(54)	
Property and equipment for use and leased acquisition	(9,968)	(3,632)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(10,022)	(3,768)
Cash flow from financing activities:		
Dividends and interest on equity paid	-	(17,484)
Net cash used in financing activities	-	(17,484)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(368,412)	48,674
At beginning of period	1,084,752	370,277
At end of period	716,340	418,951
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(368,412)	48,674
Non-monetary transaction		
Interest on equity	19,231	18,964
	•	-



1. Operations

Banco BOCOM BBM ("Bank") is the leading institution of the Prudential Conglomerate (Note 2) and is authorized to operate as finance bank across the following portfolios:

- Commercial
- Investment
- · Loan, Financing and Investment
- Foreign Exchange

Prudential Conglomerate operates in the context of a group of institutions which operate together in the financial market, with certain operations involving co-participation or intermediation of associated institutions which are part of Banco BOCOM BBM Financial Group. The benefits from services rendered between such institutions and the costs of the Financial Group's operating and administrative structures in common are fully or individually absorbed, on a basis that is practical and reasonable in the circumstances.

On February 2016, the People's Republic of China approved the transfer of the shareholding control from Banco BBM S.A. To the Bank of Communications Co. Ltd. and on November 2016, it was approved by the Central Bank of Brazil.

After the regulatory approvals, on November 30, 2016 the Bank of Communications Co. Ltd. ("BoCom"), acquired 80% of the total outstading common shares of Banco BBM and 80% of the total outstanding preferred shares of Banco BBM which, as a result, accounted for 80% of total outstanding shares of Banco BBM. Around 20% of the Bank's shares continued to be held by the previous controlling group of Banco BBM.

On February 20, 2017, the transfer of the shareholding control was published in the "Diário Oficial" (Federal Government's official journal) by the Central Bank of Brazil.

On February 2, 2018, the change of the corporate name to Banco BOCOM BBM S.A. was approved the Central Bank of Brazil.



2. Presentation of the Financial Statements and Consolidation Criteria

The financial statements of the Prudential Conglomerate were prepared in accordance with the Resolution No. 4,280/2013, from the Brazilian National Monetary Board (CMN) and Circular Letter N. 3,701/2015 of the Central Bank of Brazil (BACEN), which are elaborated from the accounting guidelines arising from the Laws No. 4,595/64 (National Financial System Law) and No. 6,404/76 (Corporation Law), including the amendments introduced by the Laws No.11,638/07 and No. 11,941/09, in compliance with the standards and instructions from CMN, BACEN, Federal Accounting Council(CFC) and the accounting practices adopted in Brazil applicable to financial institutions regulated by the BACEN.

The preparation of these statements in accordance with the accounting practices adopted in Brazil, applicable to financial institutions, requires management to use judgment in the determination and recording of accounting estimates, when applicable. Significant assets and liabilities subject to these estimates and assumptions include: provision for doubtful accounts, realization of deferred tax assets, provision for labor, tax and civil claims, valuation of financial instruments and other provisions. The definitive values of the transactions involving these estimates will only be known at the time of their settlement.

The prudential conglomerate financial statements were prepared in accordance with the consolidation criteria stated by Resolution No. 4,280/2013 from BACEN, which includes financial institutions and other institutions authorized to operate by the Central Bank of Brazil.

In the consolidation process of the entities members of the Prudential Conglomerate, it was adjusted, at the base date, in order that the same classifications, criteria, procedures and accounting practices used in the lead institution are applied in the evaluation and recognition of the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, with the following eliminations:

- Capital share, reserves and accumulated results held between the institutions (it also should be noted that there is no intercompany transactions);
- Balances of current accounts and other Assets and/or Liabilities between the institutions, whose balance sheets were consolidated; and
- The effects on profit or loss arising from significant transactions between these institutions.

The Prudential Conglomerate financial statements comprise the financial statements at June 30, 2019 and 2018 of the following institutions:

Banco BOCOM BBM S.A. and Nassau branch

BBM Bank Ltd. (a)

BOCOM BBM Corretora de Câmbio e Valores Mobiliários S.A. (b) (c)

Bahia Fund (a)

The Southern Atlantic Investments (b)

Jiang Fundo de Investimento Multimercado Credito Privado Investimento no Exterior (b)

Haitan Fund (a)

- (a) The indirect participation of 100% of Banco BOCOM BBM in the social capital of BBM Bank Ltd. were eliminated from the Prudential Conglomerate.
- (b) Banco BOCOM BBM directly holds 100% of the capital of these entities. The consolidation of The Southern Atlantic Investments Ltd occurred as from August 2017 and the consolidation of Jiang FIM CPIE occurred as from March 2018.
- (c) On February 22, 2018, the change of the corporate name of Bacor Corretora de Câmbio e Valores Mobiliários S.A to BOCOM BBM Corretora de Câmbio e Valores Mobiliários S.A was approved by the JUCESP ("Junta Comercial do Estado de São Paulo").



3. Significant Accounting Practices

(a) Results of Operations

Determined on an accrual basis.

(b) Marketable Securities and Derivative Financial Instruments

In accordance with BACEN Circular Letter No. 3,068, securities are classified into the following categories:

- I- Trading securities;
- II- Securities held for sale:
- III- Securities held up to maturity.

Securities classified in categories I and II are adjusted to market value, being the adjustment of the former directly accounted in the result and the adjustment of the latter in specific equity account, net of tax effects. Securities classified as "held up to maturity" are evaluated based on the cost plus the earnings.

Derivative financial instruments are adjusted to market value, in accordance with BACEN Circular Letter No. 3,082.

Investment fund shares are restated monthly based on the share value disclosed by the funds Administrators where funds are invested. The appreciation and depreciation of investment fund quotas are presented in "Result from transactions with marketable securities".

(c) Current and non-current assets

These are presented at their realization amounts, including, when applicable, the earnings and monetary variations (on a pro rata basis) and foreign exchange variations, less corresponding proceeds from future realization and/or provision for losses. Balances maturing within 12 months (or 360 days) are classified as current assets.

(d) Permanent assets

These are stated at cost, plus the following aspects:

- Evaluation of the significant investments in subsidiaries on an equity accounting basis.
- Depreciation of property and equipment in use and lease calculated on a straight-line basis, based on annual rates that
 reflect the economic useful life of the assets, being properties in use 4%; furniture and utensils 10% and data processing
 20%
- Amortization of intangible assets calculated according to the economic useful life of the asset.

In accordance with CMN Resolution No. 4,534/16, financial institutions and institutions authorized to operate by BACEN cannot record Deferred Assets. Balances recorded as deferred assets at the date this resolution became effective, except for lease losses to amortize, must be:

- I- Reclassified to the proper asset accounts, according to the operation nature, when they refer to items that constitute an asset, according to the effective regulation; and
 - II- Amortized on a straight-line basis up to December 31, 2019, in the other cases.

(e) Current Liabilities and Long-term Liabilities

These are stated at their known or calculable values including, whenever applicable, the charges and the monetary (on a daily pro rata basis) and exchange variations, less the corresponding expenses to be allocated. Balances maturing within 12 months (or 360 days) are classified as Current Liabilities.



3. Significant Accounting Practices (Continued)

(f) Income Tax and Social Contribution

The provision for income tax is set up based on the taxable profit, at 15% rate, plus 10% surcharge on annual taxable profit exceeding R\$ 240 thousand. The provision for social contribution tax is set up at the rate of 20%.

The deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from temporary differences were recognized in accordance with CMN Resolution No. 3,059 issued on December 20, 2002, and CMN Resolution No. 3.355, issued on March 31, 2006, and take into account the history of profitability and the expected generation of future taxable income supported by technical feasibility studies. The deferred taxes were constituted based on the expected income tax of 25% and social contribution rates of 15% and 20%, since used while the rate is effective.

In May 2015, Provisional Measure No. 675 was issued, amending the rate of Social Contribution on Net Income (CSLL) of financial institutions from 15% to 20%. According to the Provisional Measure, this rate increase became effect as from September 2015 and it remained in force up to December 2018.

(g) Swaps, futures, forwards and options

The nominal amounts of contracts are recorded in offsetting accounts. Daily adjustments of transactions conducted in the future market are recorded as effective income or expense as they are incurred. Premiums paid or received upon the realization of operations in the options market are recorded in the respective equity accounts at cost value, adjusted to market value as a counterparty to the result. The market value of swap and term operations are individually recorded in asset and liability equity accounts, as a counterparty to the respective income and expense accounts.

(h) Earnings per share

These are calculated based on the number of outstanding shares at the balance sheet dates.

(i) Impairment of assets

In accordance with CPC 1, as approved by CMN Resolution 3,566/08 of May 29, 2008, and based on management's analysis, if the book value of the assets of the Bank and others Prudential Conglomerate institutions exceed their recoverable value, an impairment loss is recognized in the result.

(j) Contingent assets and liabilities and legal obligations

The recognition, measurement and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and legal obligations are made pursuant to the criteria defined below:

Contingent assets - these are not recognized in the financial statements, except when there are evidences that offer guarantees of their realization, with no appeals.

Contingent liabilities - these are recognized in the financial statements when, based on the opinion of the legal advisors and of management, the loss of a lawsuit or administrative proceeding is evaluated as probable and whenever the amounts involved can be measured with sufficient reliability. The contingent liabilities classified as possible losses by legal advisors are not recorded and are just disclosed in the notes to the financial statements and those classified as remote loss do not require any provision disclosure. Regarding the labor suits with loss probability classified as possible by the external lawyers, management will consider some assumptions such as: procedure stage, involved right, losses background, deal possibility. Accordingly, we can have provision, even if the suits are classified as possible.

Legal obligations - tax and social security - these refer to lawsuits contesting the legality and constitutionality of some taxes and contributions. The discussed amount is quantified and accounted for.

(k) Short-term Interbank Investments

Interbank investments are stated at the acquisition, investment or release cost, plus foreign exchange, monetary and interest variations, as contractually defined. When the market value is lower, a provision for the adjustment of an asset to its realization value is made.



3. Significant Accounting Practices (Continued)

(I) Loan Transactions

Credit operations are stated at the acquisition, investment or release cost, plus foreign exchange, monetary and interest variations, as contractually defined. When the market value is lower, a provision for the adjustment of an asset to its realization value is made. An allowance for doubtful accounts is set at an amount considered sufficient to cover any losses, and it considers, in addition to past experience, the assessment of debtors and their guarantors, as well as the specific characteristics of transactions, in accordance with the requirements of Brazilian Central Bank Resolution No. 2,682. These are recorded at present value on a daily pro rata basis, based on the index variation and the agreed-upon interest rate, restated up to the 59th day in arrears at the financial companies, observing the estimated receipt date. After the 60th day, the recognition in results occurs on the effective receipt of the installments. The renegotiated operations are maintained, at least, at the same level in which they were classified previously to the renegotiation and, if they have already been written-off against the provision, they are classified as level H; the gains are recognized in income upon the effective receipt.

Credit assignments without risk retention result in the write-off of the financial assets that are the object of the operation, which are then kept in an offsetting account. The result of the assignment is fully recognized when it is realized. As of January 2012, as determined by CMN Resolution 3,533/2008 and CMN Resolution 3,895/2010, all credit assignments with risk retention are recognized in the remaining terms of operations, and the financial assets subject to assignment are recorded as credit operations and the amount received as obligations for sales or transfer of financial assets.

(m) Cash and cash equivalents

These represent cash and cash equivalents, unlinked balances with the Central Bank of Brazil and financial assets of high liquidity with maturities within three months, subject to an immaterial risk of changes in their fair values, which are used by the Group to manage short term commitments. See Note 4.

(n) Other values and assets

The operations classified as Other values and assets represent operations arising from the execution of loan guarantees, which are initially valued at the remaining balance of the debt, and which are valued at fair value based on valuation reports prepared by professional entities with recognized qualifications, using evaluation techniques limited to remaining balance of the debt.

(o) Hedge Accounting

The Bank allocated derivative financial assets to hedge principal amounts raised and the corresponding interest due.

Derivative financial instruments used to mitigate risks arising from exposure to variations in the market values of financial assets and liabilities, and that are highly correlated regarding changes in its market value in relation to the market value of the item that is being protected, at the beginning and during the life of the contract and considered effective in reducing the risk associated to the exposure to be protected, are considered protection instruments (hedges) and are classified based on their nature:



3. Significant Accounting Practices (Continued)

- (a) Market risk hedge: the financial instruments classified under this category, as well as their related financial assets and liabilities, which are the hedge objects, are recorded at fair value and have their gains/losses, whether realized or not, reflected in the result; and
- (b) Cash flow hedge: the financial instruments classified in this category are marked at fair value, being the effective parcel of appreciation or depreciation registered, net of tax effects, in a specific account on equity. The ineffective portion of the respective hedge is recognized directly in the result.

If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, cancelled or exercised, or when the hedging position does not fall under hedge accounting conditions, the hedging relationship ends.

The risk management objectives of this operation, as well as the strategy of protection against such risks during the operation, are duly documented, as well as it is documented the evaluation, both at the beginning of the protection operation and on an ongoing basis, that the derivative financial instruments are highly effective in offsetting the variations of the fair value (mark-to-market) of the hedged item. A hedge is expected to be highly effective if the variation in the fair value or cash flow attributable to the risk being hedged during the hedge relation period nulls from 80% to 125% of the risk variation.

Derivative instruments used for hedging purposes, as well as the marked-to-market value of the hedged object are disclosed in **Note 20**.

(p) Deposits and Funding in the Open Market

The deposits and funding in the open market are recognized at the amounts of the liabilities, and the charges payable, when applicable, are recorded on a daily "pro rata" basis.

4. Cash and cash equivalents

	In R\$ thousand			
	Prudential Conglomarate			
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018		
Interbank investments (a)	553,080	185,016		
Investments in foreign currencies	124,547	196,646		
Funds in foreign currency	38,546	37,021		
Free reserves in cash with the Central Bank	164	265		
Cash	3	3		
Total	716,340	418,951		

(a) Committed transactions maturing within 90 days, on the date of application.

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Notes to the financial statements as at June 30, 2019 and 2018

5. Short-term Interbank Investments

Short-term interbank investments are as follows:

	In R\$ thousand		
	Prudential Co	onglomerate	
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018	
Open market investments	553,080	185,016	
Self-funded position National Treasury Bills Financial Treasury Bills National Treasury Notes - B series Interbank deposits Investments in foreign currencies (*)	553,080 300,050 83,005 170,025 3,574 124,547 681,201	185,016 100,009 15,003 70,004 3,361 196,646 385,023	
Current assets Long-term receivables Total	681,201 - 681,201	381,662 3,361 385,023	

^(*) The investments in foreign currencies in the Prudential Conglomerate in June 30, 2019 and 2018, basically refer to Overnight operations with first-tier banks.

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the collateral received through repurchase agreements amounted to R\$ 561,366 thousand and R\$ 187,897 thousand respectively, in the Prudential Conglomerate. The collateral provided amounted to R\$ 170,227 thousand and R\$ 4,400 thousand during the same periods.

The results of short-term interbank investments in the Prudential Conglomerate are as follows:

	In R\$ thousand		
	Prudential Conglomerate		
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018	
Open market investments	10,689	4,894	
Investments in foreign currencies	2,226	1,946	
Interbank deposits	106	103	
Income from marketable securities transactions	13,021	6,943	



6. Marketable Securities and Derivative Financial Instruments

	In R\$ thousand				
	Prudential Conglomerate				
	Cost	Market	Cost	Market	
	06/30	/2019	06/30,	/2018	
I - Marketable securities Securities for trading (*)	1,732,566 85,431	1,732,744 85,514	1,427,097 48,369	1,424,406 48,379	
Own Portfolio	4,024	4,105	34,260	34,270	
Fixed income securities	4,024	4,105	34,260	34,270	
Financial Treasury Bills	1,721	1,721			
National Treasury Notes – B series	2,303	2,384	34,260	34,270	
Linked to guarantees given	81,407	81,409	14,109	14,109	
Financial Treasury Bills	62,114	62,116			
Fund quotas given as guarantee	19,293	19,293	14,109	14,109	
Securities held for sale (*)	962,655	962,750	775,523	772,822	
Bank portfolio	360,057	360,107	543,662	540,925	
Fixed-income securities	360,057	360,107	543,662	540,925	
Financial Treasury Bills	6,373	6,373	291,034	291,125	
National Treasury Notes – B series	1,832	1,883	9,893	9,825 130,214	
Bond Argentina Debentures	251 052	251 051	132,982	106,094	
CRA	351,852	351,851	106,087 3,666	3,667	
Subject to repurchase agreements	393,982	394,042	64,922	64,977	
Financial Treasury Bills	186,995	187,003	04,322	04,577	
Debentures	206,987	207,039	64,922	64,977	
Linked to guarantees given	208,616	208,601	166,939	166,920	
Financial Treasury Bills	208,616	208,601	166,939	166,920	
Securities held up to maturity	684,480	684,480	603,205	603,205	
Bank portfolio	620,506	620,506	431,562	431,562	
Fixed-income securities	547,856	547,856	431,562	431,562	
National Treasury Notes - F series	547,856	547,856	431,562	431,562	
Marketable securities abroad	72,650	72,650			
Other marketable securities abroad	72,650	72,650			
Subject to repurchase agreements			107,102	107,102	
National Treasury Notes - F series			107,102	107,102	
Linked to guarantees given	64,336	64,336	64,541	64,541	
National Treasury Notes – F series	64,336	64,336	64,541	64,541	
Provision for marketable securities	(362)	(362)			
Other marketable securities abroad	(362)	(362)			
II - Derivative financial instruments	28,257	45,578	76,765	77,417	
Swap operations	20,882	32,726	4,892	5,227	
Term	4,959	10,436	12	227	
Options premium	2.416	2.416	31	133	
Futures	2,416	2,416	71,830	71,830	
Total marketable securities and	4 760 000	4 ==0 000	4 500 060	4 504 000	
derivative financial instruments	1,760,823	1,//8,322	1,503,862	1,501,823	
Segregation of portfolio by maturity range: No maturity					
Up to 3 months	99,841	100,196	269,239	267,074	
From 3 to 12 months	143,537	146,644	45,219	45,230	
Over 12 months	1,517,445	-	1,189,404	1,189,518	
Total	1,760,823	1,778,322	1,503,862	1,501,823	



6. Marketable Securities and Derivative Financial Instruments (Continued)

	In R\$ thousand				
	Prudential Conglomerate				
	Cost	Market	Cost	Market	
	06/30	/2019	06/30/	2018	
III-Derivative financial instruments					
Swap Operations	38,292	68,282	47,687	43,137	
Term	5,447	3,672	12,542	11,861	
Futures	11,986	11,986			
Purchased position	55,725	83,940	60,229	54,998	
Segregation by maturity range:					
Up to 3 motnths	4,464	4,390	10,432	10,471	
From 3 to 12 months	9,378	8,980	14,026	13,760	
Over 12 months	41,883	70,570	35,771	30,767	
Total	55,725	83,940	60,229	54,998	

The results of Marketable Securities in the Prudential Conglomerate are as follows:

	In R\$ t	housand
	Prudential C	Conglomerate
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018
Investment funds quotas Government bonds Private securities	563 53,122 18,693	456 33,272 9,415
Income from marketable securities	72,378	43,143
	In R\$ t	housand
	Prudential C	Conglomerate
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018
Provision for marketable securities	(362)	-
Result of provision for marketable securities	(362)	

The market values of marketable securities and derivative financial instruments are determined based on market price quotations at the balance sheet date, when available, or through price valuation models.

(*) Securities classified as "Securities for trading" maturing in more than 12 months and which, at June 30, 2019, amount to R\$ 66,221 thousand in the Prudential Conglomerate (June 30, 2018 - R\$ 16,143 thousand), are stated in current assets, according to BACEN Circular Letter No. 3,068/01. Securities classified as "Held for sale", maturing in more than 12 months, in the amount of R\$ 823,211 thousand on June 30, 2019 (June 30, 2018 - R\$ 581,496 thousand), in the Prudential Conglomerate, are stated as Long-term receivable assets, according to BACEN Circular Letter No. 3.068/01, regardless its liquidity level. The effect of this classification in net current capital is shown in Note 21 - Liquidity risk.

There was no transfers between securities categories on June 30, 2019 and 2018.



7. Loan Transactions, Sureties and Guarantees

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, loans and guarantees provided through sureties or guarantee agreements in the Prudential Conglomerate, classified according to the clients' economic activities, are as follows:

	In R\$ thousand				
	Pr	udential Co	nglomerate		
	06/30/20	19	06/30/20	18	
Sugar and Ethanol	782,071	15.87%	716,917	18.00%	
Agriculture	470,280	9.54%	489,298	12.29%	
Building and Real Estate	393,901	7.99%	257,014	6.45%	
Retail market	331,171	6.72%	194,316	4.88%	
Capital Goods	319,693	6.49%	179,361	4.50%	
Utilities (energy)	252,358	5.12%	153,564	3.86%	
Specialized Services	198,896	4.04%	208,744	5.24%	
Foods - Sundry	181,224	3.68%	187,889	4.72%	
Heavy Construction	162,745	3.30%	25,335	0.64%	
Pharmaceutics	138,543	2.81%	105,826	2.66%	
Civil Aviation	138,427	2.81%	89,738	2.25%	
Meat Industry	123,578	2.51%	46,082	1.16%	
Pulp and Paper	120,244	2.44%	110,459	2.77%	
Textile and Leathers	115,383	2.34%	104,317	2.62%	
Transportation and Logistics	104,868	2.13%	73,656	1.85%	
Chemical and Petrochemical	94,413	1.92%	75,554	1.90%	
Banks and Insurers	92,198	1.87%	42,797	1.07%	
Construction Material	79,386	1.61%	106,929	2.68%	
Others (*)	199,778	4.05%	322,774	8.10%	
Private Sector	4,299,157	87%	3,490,570	88%	
Utilities (energy)	236,385	4.80%	205,734	5.17%	
Public	191,915	3.89%	97,826	2.46%	
Oil & Gas	131,925	2.68%	132,152	3.32%	
Banks and Insurers	69,157	1.40%	26,107	0.66%	
Others (*)	-	0.00%	30,221	0.76%	
Public Sector	629,382	13%	492,040	12%	
Total	4,928,539	100%	3,982,611	100%	

^(*) The activities classified within Others include all economic sectors that individually represent less than 1% of the total active loan portfolio at the base date of June 30, 2019.

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Notes to the financial statements as at June 30, 2019 and 2018

7. Loan Transactions, Sureties and Guarantees (Continued)

Loans transactions are stated in the Prudential Conglomerate balance sheet as follows:

	In R\$ tho	usand	
	Prudential Conglomerate		
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018	
Current assets			
Loan transactions	1,839,606	1,374,512	
Private sector	1,702,849	1,227,961	
Public sector	136,757	146,551	
Other receivables	36,906	50,314	
Foreign exchange portfolio – receivables (a)	11,578	15,991	
Securities and credits receivable (b)	25,328	34,323	
Noncurrent assets			
Loan transactions	1,866,162	1,472,244	
Private sector	1,682,562	1,268,091	
Public sector	183,600	204,153	
Other receivables	2,494	-	
Securities and credits receivable (b)	2,494	-	
Current liabilities			
Other liabilities	407,983	493,003	
Foreign exchange portfolio - Advances on exchange contracts (a)	407,983	493,003	
Subtotal	4,153,151	3,390,073	
Co-obligations and risks in guarantees provided (c)	775,388	592,537	
Total	4,928,539	3,982,610	

- (a) The Advances on Exchange Contracts are classified as reduction accounts of Other Liabilities Exchange Portfolio and as Other Receivables Exchange Portfolio, respectively, as shown in Note 8.
- (b) Refers to Advances on Foreign Exchange Contracts written off in the period.
- (c) These refer to guarantees granted through sureties and guarantees. The granted guarantees are recorded in offsetting accounts and the respective earnings are classified as Results for Future Years and appropriated to the result according to the guarantees' contractual terms. There also include, in the Bank, guarantees give for credit operations of the BBM Bank Limited, which are eliminated in the Prudential Conglomerate.

The provision for loan transactions was calculated according to the criteria established by the CMN Resolutions No. 2,682 and 2,697, based on the risk classification of the transactions and on their level of arrears.

The classification of the loan transactions in the Prudential Conglomerate is as follows:



	In R\$ thousand												
						06/30	/2019					06/30/2	018
		Ove	erdue – da	ays			Falling (due – days					
Risk level	Within	15	61	91	181	Within	From 91	From 181	Over				
RISK IEVEI	14	to 60	to 90	to 180	to 360	90	to 180	to 360	360 days	Total	PDD	Total	PDD
AA						419,245	462,423	749,354	745,415	2,376,437		1,345,473	
Α	361					187,028	315,078	363,930	714,759	1,581,156	7,905	1,673,334	8,367
В						135,240	161,785	130,206	355,778	783,009	7,830	698,782	6,988
С	522					27,668	27,529	28,585	48,592	132,896	3,987	200,343	6,010
D	263	262	263			788	1,280		394	3,250	325		
E			22,472			2,495			2,495	27,462	8,239	5	2
F		10,192								10,216	5,108	15,796	9,948
G	103					631	747	1,645	10,711	13,837	12,694	11,344	9,509
н				276						276	276	37,532	37,532
Total	1,249	10,454	22,735	300		773,095	968,842	1,273,720	1,878,144	4,928,539	46,363	3,982,610	78,356



7. Loan Transactions, Sureties and Guarantees (Continued)

The allowance below is presented in the Prudential Conglomerate balance sheets as follows:

	In R\$ th	ousand
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018
Allowance for loan losses	34,504	50,764
Current assets	16,254	32,791
Noncurrent assets	18,250	17,973
Provision for other credits	11,049	26,340
Securities and credits receivable	8,240	21,650
Current assets	7,492	21,650
Noncurrent assets	748	
Provision for advances on exchange contracts	2,809	4,690
Current assets	2,809	4,690
Provision for co-obligations and risks in guarantees provided (*)	810	1,252
Current Liability	779	966
Noncurrent Liability	31	286
Total	46,363	78,356

Changes in allowances are as follows:

	In R\$ thousand		
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018	
Balance at January 1	48,111	79,976	
Set up / (reversal)	10,569	21,076	
Write-offs to loss	(12,317)	(22,696)	
Total	46,363	78,356	

In the six-month period ended June 30, 2019, no loan transactions were renegotiated in the Prudential Conglomerate (in the first period ended June 30, 2018 – R\$ 8,421 thousand).

In the six-month period ended June 30, 2019, there was a recovery of losses on loan transactions in the amount of R\$ 81 thousand (in the first period ended June 30, 2018 - R\$ 4,421 thousand).



7. Loan Transactions, Sureties and Guarantees (Continued)

The breakdown of sales or transfers of assets without the substantial retention of risks and rewards in the periods ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 was as follows:

	In R\$ thousand			
	06/30/2019 06/30/20			
Number of contracts	-	3		
Assignment amount	-	3,013		
Provision net book value	-	2,974		
Revenue from assignments		39		

The credit risk concentration in the Prudential Conglomerate statements is as follows:

		In R\$ thousand					
	06/30/2019	06/30/2019 % 06/30/2018					
Top debtor	236,385	4.8%	132,152	3.3%			
Top 10 debtors	1,212,314	24.6%	965,437	24.2%			
Top 20 debtors	1,866,495	37.9%	1,485,346	37.3%			
Top 50 debtors	3,032,693	61.5%	2,412,296	60.6%			
Top 100 debtors	4,104,160	83.3%	3,329,023	83.6%			

The breakdown of the Prudential Conglomerate credit portfolio by type is as follows:

	In R\$ thousand		
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018	
Working capital	2,491,043	2,127,923	
Trade Finance	691,060	598,073	
Export credit notes	784,865	538,373	
Co-obligations and risks in guarantees provided	775,388	592,538	
Others	186,183	125,703	
Total	4,928,539	3,982,610	



8. Foreign Exchange Portfolio

	In R\$ thousand	
	06/30/2019 06/30/2018	
Other receivables – Foreign exchange portfolio		
Foreign exchange purchases pending settlement	443,914	575,694
Rights on foreign exchange sales	5,201	95,420
Income receivable from advances granted (a)	11,578	15,990
Total	460,693	687,104
Other payables – Foreign exchange portfolio		
Foreign exchange sales pending settlement	5,201	98,117
Exchange purchase obligations	446,283	493,650
Advances on foreign exchange contracts granted (a)	(407,983)	(493,003)
Total	43,501	98,764

(a) See Note 7.

On June 30, 2019, the Company made deposits of federal government securities securing foreign exchange transactions with B3 in the amount of R\$ 72,163 thousand (June 30, 2018 – R\$ 60,525 thousand).



9. Deposits

	in R\$ thousand				
Maturity range	Time deposits	Interbank deposits	Total 06/30/2019	Total 06/30/2018	
Within 1 month	56,860	651	57,511	46,328	
From 1 to 3 months	227,389	1,279	228,668	307,381	
From 3 to 6 months	866,305	0	866,305	223,493	
From 6 to 12 months	30,228	99	30,327	85,909	
More than 12 months	428,093	-	428,093	303,299	
Subtotal	1,608,875	2,029	1,610,904	966,410	
Cash deposits and other deposits			120,325	133,912	
Total			1,731,229	1,100,322	

The average term of interbank and time deposits, for outstanding transactions at June 30, 2019 is 624 and 395 days (June 30, 2018 - 829 and 427 days), respectively.

	In R\$ thousand				
Maturities upon issuance	Time deposits	Interbank deposits	Total 06/30/2019	Total 06/30/2018	
Within 1 month	5,057	-	5,057	1,191	
From 1 to 3 months	6,257	-	6,257	106,997	
From 3 to 6 months	687,108	-	687,108	76,210	
From 6 to 12 months	421,511	-	421,511	416,596	
More than 12 months	488,942	2,029	490,971	365,416	
Subtotal	1,608,875	2,029	1,610,904	966,410	
Cash deposits			120,325	133,912	
Total			1,731,229	1,100,322	

The breakdown per segment of the Prudential Conglomerate is as follows:

		In R\$ thousand								
	Demand	Demand deposits		Time deposits		Interbank deposits		Total		
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018	06/30/2019	06/30/2018	06/30/2019	06/30/2018	06/30/20	019	06/30/2	018
ВОСОМ	-	188	1,158,798	416,063	-	-	1,158,798	66.94%	416,251	37.83%
Corporate	110,749	124,766	269,950	376,457	-	-	380,699	21.99%	501,223	45.55%
Institutional	137	495	180,127	168,954	2,029	4,898	182,293	10.53%	174,347	15.85%
Wealth Management	9,439	8,463	-	38	-	-	9,439	0.55%	8,501	0.77%
Total	120,325	133,912	1,608,875	961,512	2,029	4,898	1,731,229	100%	1,100,322	100%



9. Deposits (Continued)

	In R\$ thousand					
	06/30/20)19	06/30/2018			
Top depositor	1,125,402	65.01%	388,207	35.28%		
Top 10 depositors	1,471,089	84.97%	831,456	75.56%		
Top 20 depositors	1,560,996	90.17%	943,818	85.78%		
Top 50 depositors	1,676,464	96.84%	1,058,828	96.23%		
Top 100 depositors	1,720,830	99.40%	1,095,944	99.60%		

10. Repurchase Agreements

The obligations from repurchase agreements in the Prudential Conglomerate are as follows:

	In R\$ thousand		
	Prudential Conglomerate		
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018	
Own Portfolio	376,633	69,208	
Debentures	206,611	64,901	
Financial Treasury Bills	170,022	-	
National Treasury Notes - B series	-	4,307	
	376,633	69,208	



11. Funds from Acceptance and Issue of Securities and Real Estate Bills

On June 30, 2019 and 2018, fundraising through Agribusiness Credit Bills (LCA), Housing Credit Bills (LCI), Financial Bills (LF) were segregated by maturity range as follows:

In R\$ thousand								
	Prudential Conglomerate							
	LCA	(a)	LCI	(b)	LF (c)	LF - Subordi	nated Debt (d)
Maturity	06/30/2019	06/30/2018	06/30/2019	06/30/2018	06/30/2019	06/30/2018	06/30/2019	06/30/2017
Within 1 month	42,309	53,735	4,197	1,583	28,778	17,720	-	-
From 1 to 3 months	78,915	68,387	4,270	14,584	146,000	34,475	-	-
From 3 to 6 months	383,870	480,757	5,295	14,771	174,938	116,276	-	-
From 6 to 12 months	437,892	521,012	10,201	41,406	461,257	296,598	-	-
More than 12 months	502,711	278,887	55,842	15,660	598,387	982,662	205,638	-
Total _	1,445,697	1,402,778	79,805	88,004	1,409,360	1,447,731	205,638	-

- (a) Agribusiness Credit Bills (LCA) are issued by the Bank and registered with the B3, according to the Law No. 11,076/2004 and Law No. 11,311/2006 and subsequent amendments.
- (b) Housing Credit Bills (LCI) are nominative securities created by Provisional Measure No. 2,223 on September 4, 2011, which resulted in Law No. 10,931 of August 2, 2004.
- (c) Financial Bills (LCA) are issued by the Bank and registered with the B3 according to the Law No. 12,249/10 (Section II, articles 37 to 43), and ruled by CMN (Law No. 3,836).
- (a) The Financial Bill (LF) Subordinated Debt has perpetual term and repurchase option as from 5 years with semester windows. The Bank uses the raised amount as complementary capital in order to compose the institution's Level I capital. The issue was private and carried out together with the Bank's shareholders.

12. Borrowings and onlendings

a) Borrowings abroad

Borrowings abroad in the Prudential Conglomerate are as follows:

	In R\$ thousand		
	Prudential Conglomera		
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018	
Obligations with borrowings abroad (*) Export credit facility	396,294 264,263	387,038 144,260	
Import credit facility	15,341	4,710	
	675,898	536,008	
Current liabilities	279,604	148,970	
Long-term payables	396,294	387,038	
	675,898	536,008	

^(*) The amount of R\$ 396,294 thousand on June 30, 2019 (R\$ 387,038 thousand on June 30, 2018), classified as Borrowings Abroad, refers to the fundraising in U.S. dollars with Bank of Communications with final maturity in September 2022.



12. Borrowings and onlendings (Continued)

b) Onlendings in the Country

Banco BOCOM BBM has funding line operations with resources from the Fund for Defense of the Coffee Economy (Funcafé) for coffee growers, their cooperative and the agribusiness companies to use for storage and acquisition of coffee and working capital, as following:

		In R\$ thousand					
		06/30/2019					06/30/2018
	Within 1 month	From 1 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months	From 6 to 12 months	More than 12 months	Total	Total
Funcafé - FAC Funcafé - Working capital	9,185 -		771 771			9,956 771	1,025 526
Total	9,185		1,542			10,727	1,551



13. Other Receivables/ Sundry

	In R\$ thousand		
	Prudential Conglomerate		
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018	
Sundry			
Debtors Deposits on warranty	52,144	50,639	
Sundry debtors – foreign	28,548	1,418	
Securities and credits receivable (*)	27,823	14,369	
Taxes and contributions to offset	23,351	14,811	
Sundry debtors – domestic	7,330	8,146	
Advances – Salaries and constructions	1,458	1,202	
	140,654	90,585	
Current Asset	134,442	36,452	
Long-term Asset	6,212	54,133	
	140,654	90,585	

^(*) Refers to Advances on Foreign Exchange Contracts written off in the period.

14. Other Values and Assets

	In R\$ thousand			
	Prudential Conglomerate			
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018		
Other Values and Goods Properties Others	44,011 1,210	36,198 832		
	45,221	37,030		
Current asset (a)	45,221 45,221	37,030 37,030		

⁽a) In December 2018, the amount of R\$ 44,011 thousand, classified as current assets, refers mainly to the execution of guarantee of properties, recorded as properties not for own use (BNDU), according to independent appraisal report, limited to remaining balance of the debt.



15. Equity

(a) Capital - Banco BOCOM BBM S.A.

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the capital is comprised of 282,201,085 registered shares with a par value of R\$ 1.60 each, divided into 188,626,652 common shares and 93,574,433 preferred shares. Each common share is entitled to 1 (one) vote in resolutions of the General Meeting. Preferred shares have no voting rights.

(b) Legal reserve

This reserve is calculated at the rate of 5% of the net income at each balance sheet date, up to the limit determined by the Corporation Law of 20% of Capital.

(c) Statutory reserve

In accordance with the articles of incorporation, this reserve represents the remaining balance of net income at each balance sheet date, after the legal allocations.

(d) Treasury stock

On June 30, 2019 and 2018, Banco BOCOM BBM has 76,296,769 shares to hold in treasury in the amount of R\$ 181,839 thousand.

(e) Interest on Equity

According to article 9 of Law No. 9,249/95 and its subsequent amendments, Banco BOCOM BBM S.A., at the end of the semester in 2019, declared interest on equity of R\$ 19,231 thousand (June 30, 2018 - R\$ 18,964 thousand), with the retention of withholding income tax of R\$ 2,885 thousand (June 30, 2018 - R\$ 2,845 thousand), calculated at the rate of 15%. This amount was determined based on the legal limits in force.

For the purpose of the publication of the statement of operations, as established by BACEN Resolution No. 4,706 of 12/19/2018, Banco BOCOM BBM S.A. recognized as other obligations, as a counterparty for the adequate retained earnings account, the stated capital compensation configurated by the present obligation at the balance date.

Interest on equity proposed at the end of the semester in 2019 reduced tax burden by R\$ 7,728 thousand (June 30, 2018 - R\$ 8,534 thousand).

(f) Carrying value adjustments

In the six-month period ended June 30, 2019, the carrying value adjustments are comprised by the market adjustment variation of the securities held for sale in the amount of R\$ 3 thousand (June 30, 2018 – (R\$ 1,627 thousand)), by the variation of the cash flow hedges in the amount of R\$ 0 thousand (June 30, 2018 – R\$ 1,491 thousand), by the variation of foreign investments hedging instruments in the amount of R\$ 550 thousand (June 30, 2018 – R\$ 0 thousand), by the foreign exchange variation in investment abroad in the amount of (R\$ 543 thousand) (June 30, 2018 – R\$ 0 thousand), net of tax effects.



16. Financial Intermediation Expenses and Foreign Exchange Gains (Losses)

Open market funding (62,423) (49,851) Financial Bills (62,423) (49,851) Agriculture Credit Bills (40,263) (38,779) Time deposits (25,563) (16,236) Repurchase agreements (3,558) (3,220) Real Estate Credit Bills (2,332) (2,075) Credit Guarantee Fund (1,016) (1,275) Interbank deposits (71) (379) Deposits Previous Notice (29) (82) Foreign exchange variation (a) 7,413 (27,417) Loans, assignments and onlending operations (127,842) (139,314) Loan expenses abroad (16,131) 6,329 Other expenses (337) (69) Foreign exchange variation (a) 9,420 (68,609) (7,048) (62,348) Foreign exchange transactions Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) 14,274 22,348 Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)		In R\$ thousand		
Open market funding Financial Bills (62,423) (49,851) Agriculture Credit Bills (40,263) (38,779) Time deposits (25,563) (16,236) Repurchase agreements (3,558) (3,220) Real Estate Credit Bills (2,332) (2,075) Credit Guarantee Fund (1,016) (1,275) Interbank deposits (71) (379) Deposits Previous Notice (29) (82) Foreign exchange variation (a) 7,413 (27,417) (127,842) (139,314) Loan expenses abroad (16,131) 6,329 Other expenses (337) (69) Foreign exchange variation (a) 9,420 (68,609) (7,048) (62,348) Foreign exchange transactions Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) 14,274 22,348 Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)		Prudential Conglomerate		
Financial Bills (62,423) (49,851) Agriculture Credit Bills (40,263) (38,779) Time deposits (25,563) (16,236) Repurchase agreements (3,558) (3,220) Real Estate Credit Bills (2,332) (2,075) Credit Guarantee Fund (1,016) (1,275) Interbank deposits (71) (379) Deposits Previous Notice (29) (82) Foreign exchange variation (a) 7,413 (27,417) (127,842) (139,314) Loan expenses abroad (16,131) 6,329 Other expenses (337) (69) Foreign exchange variation (a) 9,420 (68,609) Foreign exchange transactions (7,048) (62,348) Foreign exchange transactions Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) 14,274 22,348 Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)		06/30/2019 06/30/201		
Agriculture Credit Bills (40,263) (38,779) Time deposits (25,563) (16,236) Repurchase agreements (3,558) (3,220) Real Estate Credit Bills (2,332) (2,075) Credit Guarantee Fund (1,016) (1,275) Interbank deposits (71) (379) Deposits Previous Notice (29) (82) Foreign exchange variation (a) 7,413 (27,417) (127,842) (139,314) Loan expenses abroad (16,131) 6,329 Other expenses (337) (69) Foreign exchange variation (a) 9,420 (68,609) (7,048) (62,348) Foreign exchange transactions Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) 14,274 22,348 Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)	Open market funding			
Time deposits (25,563) (16,236) Repurchase agreements (3,558) (3,220) Real Estate Credit Bills (2,332) (2,075) Credit Guarantee Fund (1,016) (1,275) Interbank deposits (71) (379) Deposits Previous Notice (29) (82) Foreign exchange variation (a) 7,413 (27,417) (127,842) (139,314) Loan expenses abroad (16,131) 6,329 Other expenses (337) (69) Foreign exchange variation (a) 9,420 (68,609) (7,048) (62,348) Foreign exchange transactions Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) 14,274 22,348 Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)	Financial Bills	(62,423)	(49,851)	
Repurchase agreements (3,558) (3,220) Real Estate Credit Bills (2,332) (2,075) Credit Guarantee Fund (1,016) (1,275) Interbank deposits (71) (379) Deposits Previous Notice (29) (82) Foreign exchange variation (a) 7,413 (27,417) Loans, assignments and onlending operations (16,131) 6,329 Other expenses (337) (69) Foreign exchange variation (a) 9,420 (68,609) (7,048) (62,348) Foreign exchange transactions Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) 14,274 22,348 Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)	Agriculture Credit Bills	(40,263)	(38,779)	
Real Estate Credit Bills (2,332) (2,075) Credit Guarantee Fund (1,016) (1,275) Interbank deposits (71) (379) Deposits Previous Notice (29) (82) Foreign exchange variation (a) 7,413 (27,417) Loans, assignments and onlending operations (16,131) 6,329 Other expenses (337) (69) Foreign exchange variation (a) 9,420 (68,609) (7,048) (62,348) Foreign exchange transactions Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) 14,274 22,348 Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)	Time deposits	(25,563)	(16,236)	
Credit Guarantee Fund (1,016) (1,275) Interbank deposits (71) (379) Deposits Previous Notice (29) (82) Foreign exchange variation (a) 7,413 (27,417) Loans, assignments and onlending operations (16,131) 6,329 Other expenses abroad (16,131) 6,329 Other expenses (337) (69) Foreign exchange variation (a) 9,420 (68,609) (7,048) (62,348) Foreign exchange transactions Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) 14,274 22,348 Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)	Repurchase agreements	(3,558)	(3,220)	
Interbank deposits (71) (379) Deposits Previous Notice (29) (82) Foreign exchange variation (a) 7,413 (27,417) Loans, assignments and onlending operations (127,842) (139,314) Loan expenses abroad (16,131) 6,329 Other expenses (337) (69) Foreign exchange variation (a) 9,420 (68,609) (7,048) (62,348) Foreign exchange transactions Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) 14,274 22,348 Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)	Real Estate Credit Bills	(2,332)	(2,075)	
Deposits Previous Notice (29) (82) Foreign exchange variation (a) 7,413 (27,417) Loans, assignments and onlending operations (127,842) (139,314) Loan expenses abroad (16,131) 6,329 Other expenses (337) (69) Foreign exchange variation (a) 9,420 (68,609) Foreign exchange transactions (7,048) (62,348) Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) 14,274 22,348 Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)	Credit Guarantee Fund	(1,016)	(1,275)	
Foreign exchange variation (a) 7,413 (27,417) (127,842) (139,314) Loans, assignments and onlending operations Loan expenses abroad (16,131) 6,329 Other expenses (337) (69) Foreign exchange variation (a) 9,420 (68,609) (7,048) (62,348) Foreign exchange transactions Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) 14,274 22,348 Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)	Interbank deposits	(71)	(379)	
Loans, assignments and onlending operations (16,131) 6,329 Loan expenses abroad (16,131) 6,329 Other expenses (337) (69) Foreign exchange variation (a) 9,420 (68,609) (7,048) (62,348) Foreign exchange transactions Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) 14,274 22,348 Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)	Deposits Previous Notice	(29)	(82)	
Loans, assignments and onlending operations Loan expenses abroad (16,131) 6,329 Other expenses (337) (69) Foreign exchange variation (a) 9,420 (68,609) (7,048) (62,348) Foreign exchange transactions Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) 14,274 22,348 Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)	Foreign exchange variation (a)	7,413	(27,417)	
Loan expenses abroad (16,131) 6,329 Other expenses (337) (69) Foreign exchange variation (a) 9,420 (68,609) (7,048) (62,348) Foreign exchange transactions Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) 14,274 22,348 Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)		(127,842)	(139,314)	
Other expenses (337) (69) Foreign exchange variation (a) 9,420 (68,609) (7,048) (62,348) Foreign exchange transactions Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)	Loans, assignments and onlending operations			
Foreign exchange variation (a) 9,420 (68,609) (7,048) Foreign exchange transactions Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) Other expenses (175) (283)	Loan expenses abroad	(16,131)	6,329	
Foreign exchange transactions Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) 14,274 22,348 Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)	•	` ,	` ,	
Foreign exchange transactions Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) 14,274 22,348 Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)	Foreign exchange variation (a)	,	• • •	
Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC) 14,274 22,348 Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)		(7,048)	(62,348)	
Foreign exchange variations and interest differences (2,997) 96,241 Other expenses (175) (283)	Foreign exchange transactions			
Other expenses (175) (283)	Revenue from Advances on Exchange Contracts (ACC)	14,274	22,348	
	Foreign exchange variations and interest differences	(2,997)	96,241	
11,102118,306	Other expenses	(175)	(283)	
		11,102	118,306	

⁽a) This substantially represents the effects of foreign exchange variations on loans raised by the Bank from its branch abroad through the transfer of funds raised in foreign currency.



17. Service Revenue

	In R\$ thousand		
	Prudential Conglomerate		
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018	
Service Revenue			
Structuring Commission	12,926	11,075	
Management and performance fees of investment funds	11,739	7,223	
Other services (*)	11,572	6,319	
Guarantees commision and letter of credit	7,248	7,131	
Total	43,485	31,748	

^(*) This refers mainly to revenue from bank fees.

18. Other Administrative Expenses

Material Insurance	(107) (21)	(68) (5)	
Transportation	(345)	(258)	
Water, energy and gas	(510)	(469)	
Promotion/ Advertising/ Publications	(512)	(759)	
Condominium	(1,009)	(782)	
Property maintenance and upkeep Registry	(1,394)	(2,409)	
Communications Property maintenance and unkeep	(1,697) (1,410)	(1,487) (867)	
Third-party services	(1,760)	(2,759)	
Other administrative expenses	(2,120)	(1,505)	
Travel	(2,459)	(2,148)	
Amortization and depreciation	(2,613)	(1,064)	
Financial system services (a)	(2,648)	(2,039)	
Specialized technical services	(3,228)	(1,244)	
Rentals	(3,451)	(3,272)	
Data processing	(4,351)	(3,094)	
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018	
	Prudential Conglomerate		
	Til Ky diodsand		

In R\$ thousand

⁽a) In the six-month period ended June 30, 2019, this includes brokerage expenses, charges and commission related to guarantee transactions and derivative financial instruments of R\$ 891 thousand. (June 30, 2018 - R\$ 999 thousand).

⁽b) In June 2018, the amount of R\$ 3,651 thousand, refers to expenses with pre-settlement of the contract with IFC.



19. Related-parties Significant Transactions

a) The transactions between related-parties were carried out using the average rates practiced by the market, effective on the operations dates, as follows:

	In R\$ thousand		
	Prudential Co	onglomerate	
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018	
Asset			
Cash and cash equivalents	29	-	
Bank of Communications Co., Ltd	29		
Detivative financial instruments	31	-	
Other relates individual/legal entities	31		
Liabilities			
Demand deposits	886	1,575	
Évora S.A.	14	10	
Bahia AM Renda Fixa Ltda	5	-	
Bahia AM Renda Variável Ltda	5	472	
Bocom Brazil Holding Company Ltda	81	188	
Bahia Holding S.A.	16	-	
Bahia Adm. de Recursos DTVM S.A.	-	519	
Other related individuals/legal entities	765	385	
Interbank deposits		3,180	
Bahia Adm. de Recursos DTVM S.A.	-	3,180	
Time deposits	1,274,929	545,951	
₿ahia Holding S.A.	32,501	126,765	
Évora S.A.	3,316	3,123	
Bank of Communications Co., Ltd	1,125,402	388,207	
Bocom Brazil Holding Company Ltda	33,397	27,856	
Other related individuals/legal entities	80,313	-	
Repurchase agreements - Debentures	29,452	10,856	
Other related individuals/legal entities	29,452	10,856	
Agriculture Credit Bills	307,757	274,425	
Other related individuals/legal entities	307,757	274,425	
Real Estate Credit Bills	75,147	43,933	
Other related individuals/legal entities	75,147	43,933	
Derivative Financial Instruments	582	-	
Bocom Brazil Holding Company Ltda	582		
Subordinated debt	205,638	-	
Bocom Brazil Holding Company Ltda	165,153		
Other related individuals/legal entities	40,485	-	
Liabilities on Loans abroad	396,294	387,038	
Bank of Communications Co., Ltd	396,294	387,038	
Dividends and bonuses payable	33,149	16,119	
Interest on capital credited to shareholders	33,149	16,119	

In R\$ thousand



Notes to the financial statements as at June 30, 2019 and 2018

19. Related-parties Significant Transactions (Continued)

	111 Τζφ (110α3α11α	
	Prudential Conglomerate	
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018
Result		
Result with derivative financial instruments	(1,285)	84
The Southern Atlantic Investments Ltd	-	84
Bocom Brazil Holding Company Ltda	(1,291)	
Other relates individual/legal entities	6	
Open market funding	(32,052)	(55,864)
Time deposits expenses	(15,510)	(8,015)
Évora S.A.	(97)	84
Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.	(10,768)	(4,569)
Bocom Brazil Holding Company Ltda	(1,000)	(201)
Bahia Holding S.A.	(1,131)	(3,329)
Other related individuals/legal entities	(2,514)	-
Repurchase agreements - Debentures expenses	(572)	(233)
Other related individuals/legal entities	(572)	(233)
Agriculture credit bills expenses	(8,326)	(6,551)
Other related individuals/legal entities	(8,326)	(6,551)
Real estate credit bills expenses	(2,005)	(1,046)
Other related individuals/legal entities	(2,005)	(1,046)
Expenses with securities abroad	-	(40,019)
The Southern Atlantic Investments Ltd	-	(27,417)
BBM Nassau Branch	-	(12,601)
Financial Bills	(5,639)	-
Bocom Brazil Holding Company Ltda	(4,529)	-
Other related individuals/legal entities	(1,110)	-
Loans expenses abroad	(8,323)	(60,479)
Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.	(8,323)	(60,479)
Expenses with dividends and bonuses	(19,231)	(18,964)
Interest on capital credited to shareholders	(19,231)	(18,964)
Total	(60,891)	(135,223)

The transactions between related-parties were carried out at the average rates practiced by the market, effective on the transactions dates.



19. Related-parties Significant Transactions (Continued)

b) Key Management Compensation

The total compensation will be calculated as follows:

I) Fixed and variable compensation

The total compensation of the Participants will be comprised of fixed and variable part. The variable compensation of the Participants will be paid as follows:

- (a) The amount equivalent to, at most, 50% (fifty percent) of the variable compensation will be paid in cash, immediately available for the Participant ("Short-term compensation"); and
- (b) The amount equivalent to, at least, 50% (fifty percent) of the variable compensation will be deferred for payment within 3 (three) years, considering the provisions below ("Deferred Compensation" together with "Short-term Compensation" and "Variable Compensation");

The minimum and maximum amounts of the Variable Compensation of the Participants will be fixed by the Administrative Council of Banco Bocom BBM.

II) Deferred compensation

The payment of the deferred Compensation will be carried out on a scaled basis, every six months, in shares proportional to the deferral period ("Deferred Compensation Shares"), and all the deferred shares should be updated by the ROE of the Banco Bocom BBM.

 ${\sf ROE}$ is the profit for the period before tax divided by the Equity at the beginning of the period.

	06/30/2019	06/30/2018
Liabilities		
Statutory	17,111	13,090
Management Variable Compensation - Short Term	6,088	4,853
Deferred Management Variable Compensation - Long Term	11,023	8,237

	III KĢ UI	lousariu
	Prudential Co	onglomerate
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018
	(12,516)	(11,624)
ensation	(4,631)	(4,830)
npensation	(7,885)	(6,794)

In R\$ thousand Prudential Conglomerate

In P¢ thousand



20. Derivative Financial Instruments

The Bank and the other institutions of the Prudential Conglomerate participate in transactions involving derivative financial instruments to meet their own needs as well as on behalf of their clients.

Derivative financial instruments are classified according to management's intent at the inception of the transaction, taking into consideration whether or not the purpose is to hedge risks.

In accordance with BACEN Circular Letter No. 3,082, the derivative financial instruments assigned to offset, in whole or in part, exposure to risks from assets, liabilities, commitments or projected future transactions (hedged items), since they are considered effective in reducing the risk associated with the exposure to be hedged, are classified according to their nature:

These transactions are traded, recorded or held on B3. In the Prudential Conglomerate, international derivatives transactions are traded and recorded in the OTC market, at the Chicago Board of Trade (CBOT) or Chicago Mercantile Exchange (CME).

The criteria used to calculate the market values of the derivative financial instruments are:

- Futures: value of daily adjustments to the transactions:
- Swap and term transactions: Cash flow is estimated for each part discounted to present value according to the corresponding interest rate curves, obtained based on B3 prices or on the assets' prices;
- Options: average trading price on the calculation date or, when not available, estimated price based on pricing models, such as Black & Scholes.

At June 30, 2019, the guarantees for the transactions involving derivative financial instruments are represented mainly by government securities in the total amount of R\$ 182,604 thousand (June 30, 2018 - R\$ 164,727 thousand) and fund quotas in the total amount of R\$ 9,644 thousand (June 30, 2018 - R\$ 7,055 thousand).



a.) Recorded in offsetting and equity accounts

The commitments arising from these financial instruments, recorded in offsetting accounts, on June 30, 2019, within maturity up to July 2024 (June 30, 2018 - up to January 2023) are as follows:

	In R\$ thousand							
	Prudential Conglomerate							
	06/30/2019							
	Up to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months	From 6 to 12 months	More than 1 year	Total	Total		
Future market Purchased position								
Foreign exchange coupon	43,072	328,835	262,922	1,168,978	1,803,807	1,236,757		
Interest rate	9,912	7,377	28,417	435,058	480,764	286,137		
Foreign currency	419,542	88,000	14,000	33,000	554,542	470,774		
IPCA	-	-	-	19,855	19,855	17,386		
Sold position								
Foreign exchange coupon	88,694	38,083	222,915	262,416	612,108	1,047,395		
Interest rate	24,934	74,780	171,616	98,814	370,144	354,531		
Foreign currency	390,875	145,000	423,000	1,169,000	2,127,875	76,726		
IPCA	-	-	-	41,698	41,698	478,036		
Non-deliverable forward - NDF Asset position								
Currency	372,490	54,798	-	158,239	585,527	226		
Liability position								
Currency	42,967	57,152	3,478	343,857	447,454	11,861		
Swaps								
Asset position								
Interest rate	94,168	289,684	274,994	543,938	1,202,784	1,228,977		
Liability position								
Interest rate	42,478	401,355	204,134	2,022,763	2,670,730	1,195,057		
Options market								
Asset position								
Currency	-	-	-	-	-	133		



b.) At cost and market value

	In R\$ thousand						
		Prudential Conglomerate					
			06/30	/2019			06/30/2018
	Cost	Market Up to From 3 to 6 From 6 to 12 More than 3 months months 1 year				Total	
Future market							
Purchased position	2,416	2,416	1,652	100	130	534	2,011,054
Sold position	11,986	11,986	2,294	620	1,940	7,132	1,956,688
Swaps							
Asset position	20,882	32,726	5,622	(679)	9,309	18,474	1,228,977
Liability position	38,292	68,282	7	4,283	1,619	62,373	1,195,057
Non-deliverable forward - N	IDF						
Asset position	4,959	10,436	2,431	3,222	-	4,783	226
Liability position	5,447	3,672	2,089	640	(122)	1,065	11,861
Options market							
Asset position							133



c.) Notional value per counterparty

		In R\$ thousand						
		Prudential Conglomerate						
				06/30/2019				06/30/2018
	Financial Institutions	Related- parties	Legal entities	Stock exchanges	Institutional customers	Individuals	Total	Total
Future market								
Purchased position	273,000			2,585,968			2,858,968	2,011,054
Sold position	2,025,000			1,126,825			3,151,825	1,956,688
Swaps								
Asset position	160,952	316,478	725,354				1,202,784	1,228,977
Liability position	1,728,960	316,478	625,292				2,670,730	1,195,057
Non-deliverable forward - NDF								
Asset position	380,336	158,737	46,454			-	585,527	226
Liability position	52,357	350,854	42,375			1,868	447,454	11,861
Options market								
Asset position								133



20. Derivative Financial Instruments (Continued)

The future market includes the following positions maturing on the first business day of the subsequent month:

- Purchased foreign exchange coupon contracts (DDI) in the amount of R\$ 24,137 thousand (June 30, 2018 purchased foreign exchange coupon (DDI) in the amount of R\$ 0 thousand);
- Sold foreign exchange coupon contracts (DDI) in the amount of R\$ 88,694 thousand (June 30, 2018 sold foreign exchange coupon (DDI) in the amount of R\$ 0 thousand);
- Purchased interest contracts (DI1) in the amount of R\$ 0 thousand; (June 30, 2018 R\$ 36,901 thousand);
- Sold interest contracts (DI1) in the amount of R\$ 19,495 thousand; (June 30, 2018 R\$ 85,479 thousand);
- Purchased currency contracts (DOL) in the amount of R\$ 76,644 thousand; (June 30, 2018 Purchased currency contracts (DOL) in the amount of R\$ 293,041 thousand);
- Sold currency contracts (DOL) in the amount of R\$ 13,413 thousand (June 30, 2018 Sold currency contracts (DOL) in the amount of R\$ 0 thousand);

Net gains (losses) on derivative financial instruments are as follows:

Total	(150)	22.959		
Options contracts Swap and term contracts	- 4,777	102 (7,771)		
Future contracts	(4,927)	30,627		
	06/30/2019 06/30/20			
	R\$ thousand Prudential Conglomerate			



20. Derivative Financial Instruments (Continued)

d.) Hedge Accounting

Fundraising hedge (I)

During the 3rd quarter of 2017, Banco BOCOM BBM entered into loan contracts in US dollars with the Bank of Communications Shangai Branch, in order to provide funding. On September 6, 2017, in the amount of USD 35,000 thousand, with payment of interest fixed in 2.05% p.a. On September 11, 2017, in the amount of USD 35,000 thousand, with payment of interest fixed in 2.05% p.a. On September 18, 2017, in the amount of USD 30,000 thousand, with payment of interest fixed in 2.06% p.a.

In order to peg this cash flows to the CDI, a series of foreign exchange coupon transactions were performed with BM&F, in accordance with the maturities and exposures of the available FRC contracts and the maturity of the operations. The cash outlays were in US Dollars and, upon cash receipt, a market risk hedge was contracted, designating a derivative financial instruments portfolio, comprised of DDI, DOL and ED contracts for total hedge, considering the foreign exchange exposure and interest rates risks. With a view to equalizing the effects of the marking-to-market of derivative financial instruments designated as hedges, the amount of the hedge principal, plus interest due, is stated at fair value and also marked to market.

Due to the fact that the hedge object flows, and hedge derivatives results are gathered, the effectiveness of the transaction remained close to 102.65%.

Fundraising Hedge (II)

In June 2017, Banco BOCOM BBM assigned a portfolio of derivative financial instruments constituted by DI1 and DAP contracts, in order to index to CDI a portion of its fundraising portfolio indexed to IPCA. To equalize the effects of the marking to market of the derivative financial instruments assigned as hedges, the amount of the fundraising portfolio indexed to IPCA is stated at fair value and it is also marked to market.

Because the flows of the hedge object and the results of the hedge derivatives are gathered, the effectiveness of the transaction remained close to 105.09%.



20. Derivative Financial Instruments (Continued)

Loan Transactions Hedge

In August 2017, Banco BOCOM BBM designated a derivative financial instruments portfolio constituted by future contracts in U.S. Dollar and Euro in order to hedge the U.S. Dollar short term interest rate variations. In order to equalize the effects of the marking to market of the derivative financial instruments assigned as hedge, the amount of USD 29,761 thousand from the loan transaction released in August 2017 by Banco BOCOM BBM Nassau Branch, with interest rate fixed in 4.28% p.a., is stated at fair value and also marked to market.

Because the flows of the hedge object and the results of the hedge derivatives are gathered, the effectiveness of the transaction remained close to 90.06%.

In November 2018, Banco BOCOM BBM designated a derivative financial instruments portfolio constituted by future contracts in U.S. Dollar and Euro in order to hedge the U.S. Dollar short term interest rate variations. In order to equalize the effects of the marking to market of the derivative financial instruments assigned as hedge, the amount of USD 32,500 thousand from the loan transaction released in November 2018 by Banco BOCOM BBM Nassau Branch, with interest rate fixed in 5.00% p.a., is stated at fair value and also marked to market.

Because the flows of the hedge object and the results of the hedge derivatives are gathered, the effectiveness of the transaction remained close to 117.51%.

Investment Hedge Abroad

In September 2016, CMN edited the Resolution No. 4,524, establishing the criteria to record the transactions with financial instruments contracted in order to mitigate the risks associated to the foreign exchange exposure of the investments abroad.

In January 2017, Banco BOCOM BBM assigned a derivative financial instruments portfolio constituted by DI1 and DOL contracts, with the purpose of hedging the foreign exchange rate risk of its investment abroad in the amount of USD 5,000,000, which is consolidated in the Prudential Conglomerate.

Because the flows of the hedge object and the results of the hedge derivatives are gathered, the effectiveness of the transaction remained close to 100%.



21. Risks Management

Market Risk

Banco BOCOM BBM was a pioneer in terms of quantifying market risk in Brazil, and developed a proprietary system in 1997 which became a benchmark for the industry. The market risk management structure includes the following: a) the Executive Board, responsible for reviewing risk management policies and proposing risk management operating limits, submitting these for the approval of the Board of Directors at least once a year; b) the Board of Directors, which approves the risk policies and limits at least once a year; c) the Market Risk area, subordinated to the Risk Officer, is responsible for identifying, measuring, monitoring and reporting online to the Executive Board the Bank's market risk, ensuring compliance with the market risk management policy, as well as guaranteeing that operational limits are observed; d) the Price department, which among other duties is responsible for defining the price models and sources used in mark-to-market adjustments of traded products, independently of management departments; e) Internal Audit, which is responsible for ensuring the adequacy of procedures and the consistency between market risk management policies and the structure actually implemented.

The market risk is monitored through daily calculations of the Value at Risk (VaR), a statistical tool that measures the institution's maximum potential loss at a given confidence level over a given investment horizon. A VaR limit is established, which may be allocated by the Chief Treasury Officer among the various risk factors. The VaR calculation model is submitted to periodical back testing. Furthermore, scenarios are analyzed daily, and these scenarios are quarterly defined by the Risk Committee, independently of the management departments. A full description of the Bank's market risk management structure is available on Banco BOCOM BBM's website (www.bancobocombbm.com.br).

*VaR = Maximum potential risk, given the level of reliability and the investment scenario. For Banco BBM, the limit is established based on a 95% likelihood of loss at a maximum of 2% of equity in 1 day.

Liquidity Risk

Banco BOCOM BBM's liquidity target is to ensure that at any given time the Bank has sufficient cash to meet all its liabilities and other commitments. It is the responsibility of the Liquidity Risk area to monitor whether there is a sufficient free cash position to guarantee the continuity of the bank's operations in a severe stress scenario, following the limits and guidelines defined by the Risk Committee and approved by the Board of Directors.

Liquidity risk is managed based on cash flow forecasts, considering different scenarios for funding, loan and treasury operations. These cash flow analyses take into consideration: (a) the implicit risk of each client, (b) possible additional cash for compulsory deposits, (c) derivative adjustments; and (d) other existing obligations. The general principle is to ensure that the Bank's commitments are aligned with its equity and the current policies for fundraising, credit and treasury.

Banco BOCOM BBM has a liquidity risk management structure comprised of the following agents, with their respective assignments: a) Liquidity Risk area, subordinated to the Risk Director, which is responsible for centralizing and measuring the information referring to liquidity risk management, ensuring that operational limits are observed and disclosing reports to support decision making on liquidity risk; b) Internal Audit, which is responsible for ensuring the adequacy of the procedures and the consistency between the liquidity risk management policies and the effectively implemented structure. A full description of the Bank's liquidity risk management structure is available on the website of Banco BOCOM BBM (www.bocombbm.com.br).



21. Risks Management (Continued)

Current assets
Current liabilities
Working capital, net

Short term securities available for sale presented in long-term receivables

In R\$ thousand						
Prudential Co	Prudential Conglomerate					
06/30/2019	06/30/2018					
3,492,731	2,895,551					
(3,950,802)	(2,974,808)					
(458,070)	(79,257)					
823,211	581,496					
365,140	502,239					

Credit Risk

Banco BOCOM BBM has a credit risk management structure comprised of the following elements and respective duties: a) the Credit Committee, responsible for defining credit limits of the economic groups and for monitoring and evaluating the consolidated portfolio position, its concentration and risk level. It is also responsible for establishing the terms for solving default on credit operations or with a certain level of deterioration of the quarantees and deciding whether or not to initiate judicial collection proceedings, as applicable; b) Board of Directors, responsible for approving the risk policies and limits, at least once a year; c) Credit Risk area, subordinated to the Risk Director, is responsible for centralizing and evaluating information related to the individual and consolidated credit risk management, per operation, ensuring that operating limits are complied with, disclosing reports facilitating decision making related to credit limits approved by the Credit Committee. It is also the responsibility of the risk area to previously evaluate new operational genres related to credit risk; d) Credit Analysis area, responsible for assessing the credit risk of economic groups with which the Bank maintains or intends to maintain credit relationships; e) Internal Audit, which carries out periodic audits of the business units and of the Credit processes of the Group; f) Legal Department, responsible for analyzing the contracts entered into by Banco BOCOM BBM and its clients, as well as coordinating measures to recover credits or protect the Bank's rights; and q) Contracts Department, responsible for checking the adherence of operations to the parameters established in the Credit Limit Proposal ("PLC"), as well as the making of adequate guarantees. It is also responsible for issuing contracts to be entered into by Banco BOCOM BBM and the client. A full description of the credit risk management structure is available on the website of Banco BOCOM BBM (www.bocombbm.com.br).



21. Risks Management (Continued)

Operational Risk

Banco BOCOM BBM has implemented an operational risk management structure based on market best practices and in compliance with the regulatory requirements in force. The structure is documented in the internal manual "Policy on Operational Risk Management" which defines the methodology, management process, roles and responsibilities, categories, information storage and documentation procedures, and also the disclosure process in order to ensure the transparency of management activities.

The Operational Risk Department is an independent organizational unit segregated from the Internal Audit department, subordinated to the Chief Internal Control, Capital and Risk Officer. This area is responsible for working with the other components of the operational risk structure to ensure the compliance with the guidelines established by the mentioned Policy. A full description of the operational risk management structure is available on the website of Banco BOCOM BBM (www.bocombbm.com.br).

Capital Management

Banco BOCOM BBM manages its capital through a structure composed of the following bodies: Board of Directors, Executive Board, Internal Control, Capital and Risk Board, Treasury Board, Fund Raising Board, Back Office, Business Units and Audit Board. The Board of Directors is the highest body within this structure, in charge of monitoring the capital adequacy. The Executive Board must review the documents to be submitted to the Board of Directors, as well as approving the methodologies to be used for the management and monitoring of the capital adequacy. Capital management and centralization is the responsibility of the Capital and Risk Board, which must continuously work to improve and oversee the institution's compliance with the capital management policy and its capital plan. The Treasury and Fundraising Boards are responsible for planning the issuance of equity instrument, if necessary. The capital management department periodically generates reports on the capital adequacy, which are sent to the Executive Board and the Board of Directors.

These reports comprise simulations of severe events and extreme market conditions. The Business Units must provide all information that the Internal Control, Capital and Risk Board deems necessary for effective capital management. The Audit department is responsible for evaluating, from time to time, the effectiveness of the capital management process. The description of the capital management structure is available on the website of Banco BOCOM BBM (www.bocombbm.com.br).



22. Operating Limits

In October 2013, the new rules related to capital measurement became effective. The financial institutions and similar entities have to maintain minimum equity of 8.00% of their assets, weighted by grades of risk to expositions in gold, foreign exchange and operations subject to the operating risk and to the variations in: foreign exchange, interest rate, price of commodities and price of shares classified as held in portfolio for trade, according to BACEN's rules and instructions. The Prudential Conglomerate of Banco BOCOM BBM is within this operational limit on June 30, 2019.

	In R\$ thousand	
	Prudential C	onglomerate
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018
Reference Equity Level I	803,258	575,076
Ajusted Equity (*)	825,827	594,662
Decrease in intangible / deferred assets according to CMN Resolution No. 4,192	22,569	19,586
Reference Equity (PR)	803,258	575,076
Risk-Weighted Assets (RWA)	393,854	345,269
Portion referring to:		
Credit risk (RWACPAD)	345,272	308,898
Foreign exchange risk (PCAM)	13,443	8,690
Interest rate risk (RWAMPAD)	337	1,541
Operating Risk (RWAOPAD)	34,802	26,140
Margin or Insufficiency Value (PR - RWA)	409,404	229,806
Risk Factor – 8.00% of PR	64,261	49,600
Basel Rate (Risk Factor / RWA)	16.32%	14.37%
RBAN	113,399	79,268
ACP Required	123,079	75,059
Reference Equity Margin + RBAN	172,926	75,479

^(*) The increase in the Level I capital is mainly due to the raising of R\$ 200,000 thousand that took place on January 30, 2019 through the issue of subordinated financial bills carried out together with the Bank's shareholders and approved by the Central Bank.



23. Income Tax and Social Contribution

Changes in tax credits and provision for deferred taxes on temporary differences are as follows:

	In R\$ Thousand	
	Prudential Conglomerate	
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018
Asset tax Credit:		
Balance at January 1	70,340	76,035
Constitution (Reversal)		
- With effects in the result	2,068	(5,309)
- With effects in equity		
(Securities held for sale)	(328)	5,973
Balance at June 30	72,080	76,699
Balance at June 30 Provision for deferred taxes: (*)	72,080	76,699
	72,080 20,926	76,699 12,371
Provision for deferred taxes: (*)		
Provision for deferred taxes: (*) Balance at January 1		
Provision for deferred taxes: (*) Balance at January 1 Constitution (Reversal)	20,926	12,371
Provision for deferred taxes: (*) Balance at January 1 Constitution (Reversal) - With effects in the result	20,926	12,371

^(*) The amount of provision for deferred taxes is recorded as Other tax and social security obligations.



23. Income Tax and Social Contribution (Continuing)

The breakdown of tax credits and provision for deferred taxes is as follows:

	In R\$ Thousand	
	Prudential Conglomerate	
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018
Asset tax Credit:		
Temporary differences (a)		
- Provision for loan transactions	29,065	43,722
- Market value ajustment - marketable securities and derivatives	21,675	8,586
- Provision for Contingencies (Note 25)	3,753	3,620
- Others	8,643	6,251
Social Contribution Negative Basis	2,483	4,778
Tax loss	6,461	9,742
Total	72,080	76,699
Provision for deferred taxes:		
Temporary differences (a)		
- Market ajustment of securities and derivatives	80	1,348
- Others	28,787	14,618
Total	28,867	15,966

⁽a) It is expected that these tax credits will be realized up to the end of 2022 for income tax and social contribution, with a present value of R\$ 21 million and R\$ 28 million, respectively. The social contribution on the tax credits was calculated considering the new effective rate.



23. Income Tax and Social Contribution (Continuing)

The conciliation of the expense calculated using the tax rates and the expense of income tax and social contribution accounted for in the Bank is as follows:

	In R\$ Thousand			
	06/30/2019 06/30/2018		2018	
	IRPJ	CSLL	IRPJ	CSLL
Income before taxes	29,840	29,840	31,332	31,332
Bank's net income	38,135	38,135	38,842	38,842
(-) Interest on bank's Capital	(19,231)	(19,231)	(18,964)	(18,964)
(-/+) Income tax and social contribution	(10,936)	(10,936)	(11,454)	(11,454)
Tax rate	25%	15%	25%	20%
Income tax and social contribution				
At tax rate	(7,460)	(4,476)	(7,833)	(6,266)
Permanent additions	21,325	13,440	30,223	23,429
Non-deductible expenses	8,246	361	6,969	176
Addition on profit abroad	13,079	13,079	23,254	23,254
Permanent exclusions	9,367	9,367	30,279	30,279
Tax-free revenues	12	12	7,692	7,691
Equity in the result of subsidiaries	9,355	9,355	22,587	22,587
Temporary additions/ exclusions	(4,304)	(2,508)	(8,558)	(6,617)
Tax basis	37,493	31,405	22,719	17,866
Utilization of tax loss and negative basis	(11,248)	(9,421)	(6,816)	(5,360)
Tax basis with usage of tax loss and negative basis	26,245	21,983	15,904	12,506
Income tax and social contribution (a)	(6,549)	(3,297)	(3,964)	(2,501)
Utilization of tax incentives and taxes of subsidiaries abroad	297	-	(613)	-
Income tax and social contribution in the result for the				
semester	(6,252)	(3,297)	(4,577)	(2,501)
DIPJ adjustment Liability deferred taxes	115 (4,951)	- (2,970)	7 (1,346)	10 (1,050)
Income tax and social contributions in the result for				(, = = - ,
the semester - Banco BOCOM BBM	(11,088)	(6,268)	(5,915)	(3,541)
Income tax and social contribution of other institutions of the Prudencial Conglomerate	(220)	(140)	(617)	(507)
Income tax and social contribution in the result for the				
semester - Prudencial Conglomerate	(11,308)	(6,408)	(6,532)	(4,048)

⁽a) In May 2015, Provisional Measure No. 675 was issued, amending the rate of Social Contribution on Net Income (CSLL) of financial institutions from 15% to 20%. According to the Provisional. Measure, this rate increase became effect as from September 2015 and it remained in force up to December 2018.



24. Provisions and liabilities for legal obligation

The Bank and the Prudential Conglomerate are a party to lawsuits and administrative proceedings arising from the normal course of operations, involving tax, labor and civil matters among others.

a) Breakdown of provisions

Based on information from its legal counsels and an analysis of the pending legal and civil proceedings and labor suits, considering previous experience related to the claimed amounts, management recorded a provision in an amount considered sufficient to cover the estimated losses expected in connection with ongoing litigation, as follows:

	In R\$ tn	In R\$ thousand	
	Prudential Co	Prudential Conglomerate	
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018	
Labor	8,637	7,811	
Civil	633	477	
Total - Provisions for contingencies	9,270	8,288	

These provisions are recorded as "Other liabilities - sundry" under Long-term liabilities.

b) Liabilities for legal obligations

Based on a preliminary injunction issued on April 2018, Bank BOCOM BBM and BOCOM BBM Corretora de Valores Mobiliários S.A. have ensured the exclusion of ISS (a municipal tax levied on services) from the taxable basis of Social Integration Program Contribution (PIS/Pasep) and Contribution for Social Security Financing as well as the reimbursement of the values already paid along with future compensations whenever applicable. Consequently, Bank BOCOM BBM and BOCOM BBM Corretora de Valores Mobiliários S.A. adjusted the calculation method of aforesaid Social Contribution disregarding the municipal tax from its respective taxable basis and have acknowledged a current liability up to December 2018, comprehending in "Other Sundry Obligations" under Long-term liabilities, as follows":

Social Integration Program (PIS) and Social Contribution on Revenues (COFINS)

Total - Liabilities for legal obligations

In R\$ thousand		
Prudential Conglomerate		
06/30/2019	06/30/2018	
118	-	
118		

c) Others

On December 5, 2016, Banco BOCOM BBM S.A. was named by the Brazilian Administrative Council for Economic Defense (CADE) in an administrative proceeding investigating alleged anticompetitive practices in relation to the onshore foreign exchange market between 2008 and 2012. Banco BOCOM BBM, together with its legal advisors, has already presented its administrative defense, which has not been judged yet.



25. Allowance for Financial Guarantees

The Allowance for doubtful in account related with financial guarantees are based on the analysis of operations according to the type of obligation provided, past experience, future expectations and management's risk assessment policy. They are reviewed periodically, as established by CMN Resolution No. 4,512/2016.

	In R\$ thousand	
	Prudential Conglomerate	
	06/30/2019	06/30/2018
Guarantee		
Linked to international trade	3,303	10,700
Linked to bids, auctions, service render or construction	199,638	244,827
Surety or guarantee in lawsuits and administrative procedures	422,008	182,621
Other sureties	142,772	114,564
Total	767,721	552,712
Changes in allowance for financial guarantees		
Beginning balance	1,161	538
Constituition	6,338	7,603
Reversal (*)	(6,689)	(6,889)
Ending balance	810	1,252

^(*) Refers to the reclassification of the provision of external credit operations, transferred to the group of the provision for credit operations.



26. Other information

(a) Compensatory and settlement of obligations arrangement

Banco BOCOM BBM has a compensatory and settlement of obligations arrangement within the scope of the National Financial System, according to CMN Resolution No. 3,263/05, resulting in more guarantee to settle its debits with financial institutions with which it has this kind of arrangement. On June 30, 2019, the total assets mitigated by compensatory arrangement was of R\$ 392,066 thousand (June 30, 2018 - R\$ 519,468 thousand).

(b) Deferred Income

Deferred Income refers mainly to the earnings of guarantees granted (Note 7(b)) and its increase in the period ended June 30, 2019 is aligned with the variation of the guarantees.

(c) Marketable Securities Portfolio

On June 28, 2019, based on Resolution No. 3,181 of Central Bank of Brazil, considering the positive inclination in the nominal rates of the government bonds, particularly the NTNF nominal rate 01/2025 that was 40 base points above the NTNF rate 01/2023, the NTNF nominal rate NTNF 01/2025 that was near 7.00%, the forward rate between the maturities of the NTN-Fs that was slightly higher than 8% p.a., with the Bank SELIC projection for 2025 in 6.5% p.a. and the budget and business plan for the next years to which the predictability is important to avoid decrease in revenues, the executive Committee of the Bank unanimously approved the continuity of the process of lengthening of the portfolio of nominal bonds held to maturity, selling R\$ 137,845 thousand in NTN-F 01/2023 and purchasing R\$ 137,882 thousand in NTN-F 01/2025, which gave rise to an effect in the result of R\$ 10,842 thousand.

At the end of the period, Banco BOCOM BBM had R\$ 684,842 thousand in marketable securities classified as "held to maturity", according to Circular Letter No. 3,068/01 of Central Bank of Brazil. Banco BOCOM BBM has financial capacity and intention to hold them to maturity.

* * *

Aline Gomes - Controller CRC 087.989/0-9 "S"- BA