



MACRO OUTLOOK
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- » Global growth improvement due to better performance of emerging markets (ex-China);
But the Coronavirus outbreak will weigh negatively on Q1 activity
- » Brazil: Moderate growth amid unprecedented monetary stimulus; Investment should be an important growth driver
- » Uncertainties remain around the rate of potential growth, implying caution on the part of monetary policy going forward
- » We believe that the Copom will be normalizing rates by the end of the year

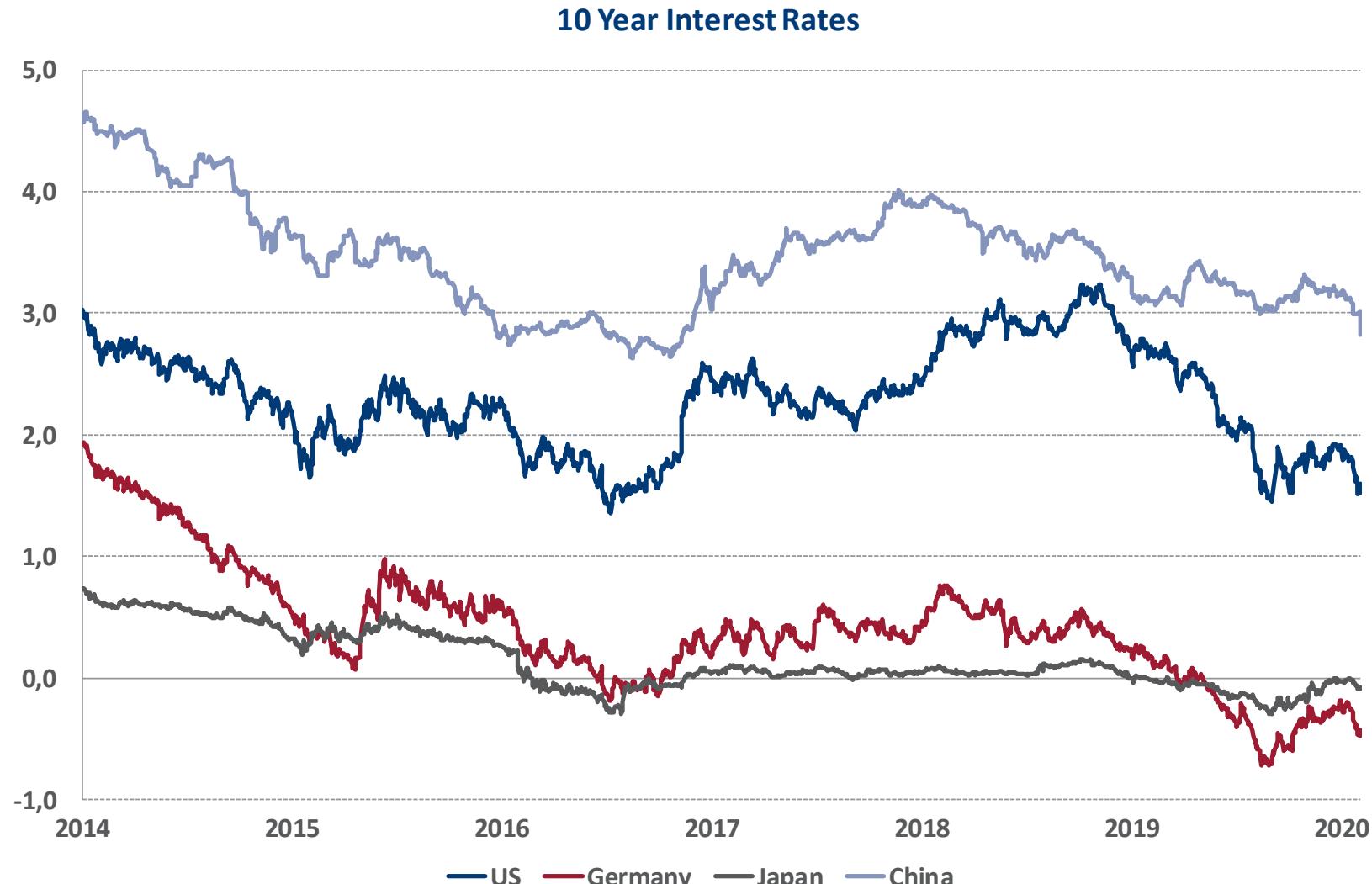
GLOBAL GROWTH: FORECASTS

» Global growth should improve on the back of better EM growth



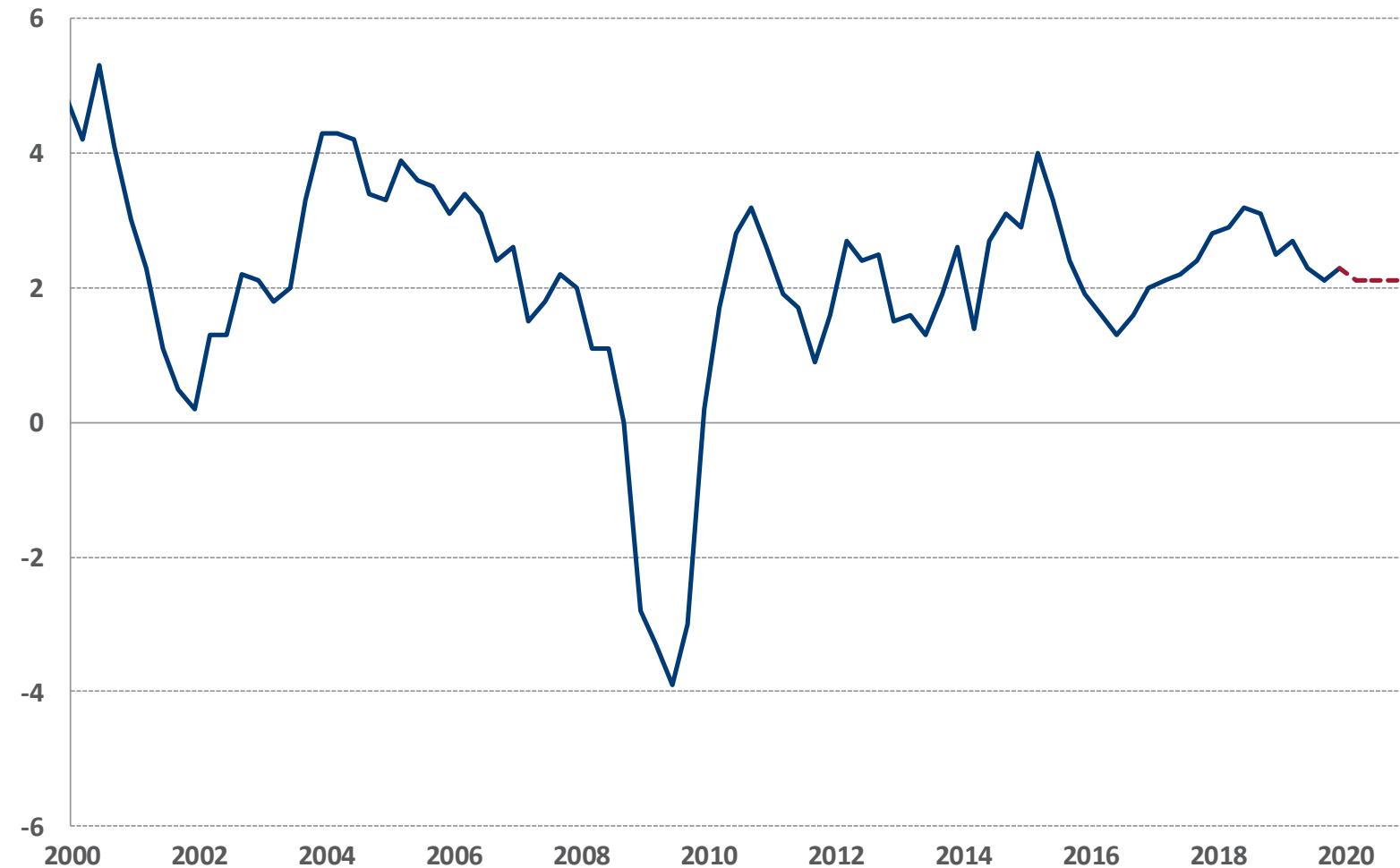
GLOBAL INTEREST RATES

» Global interest rates should remain low



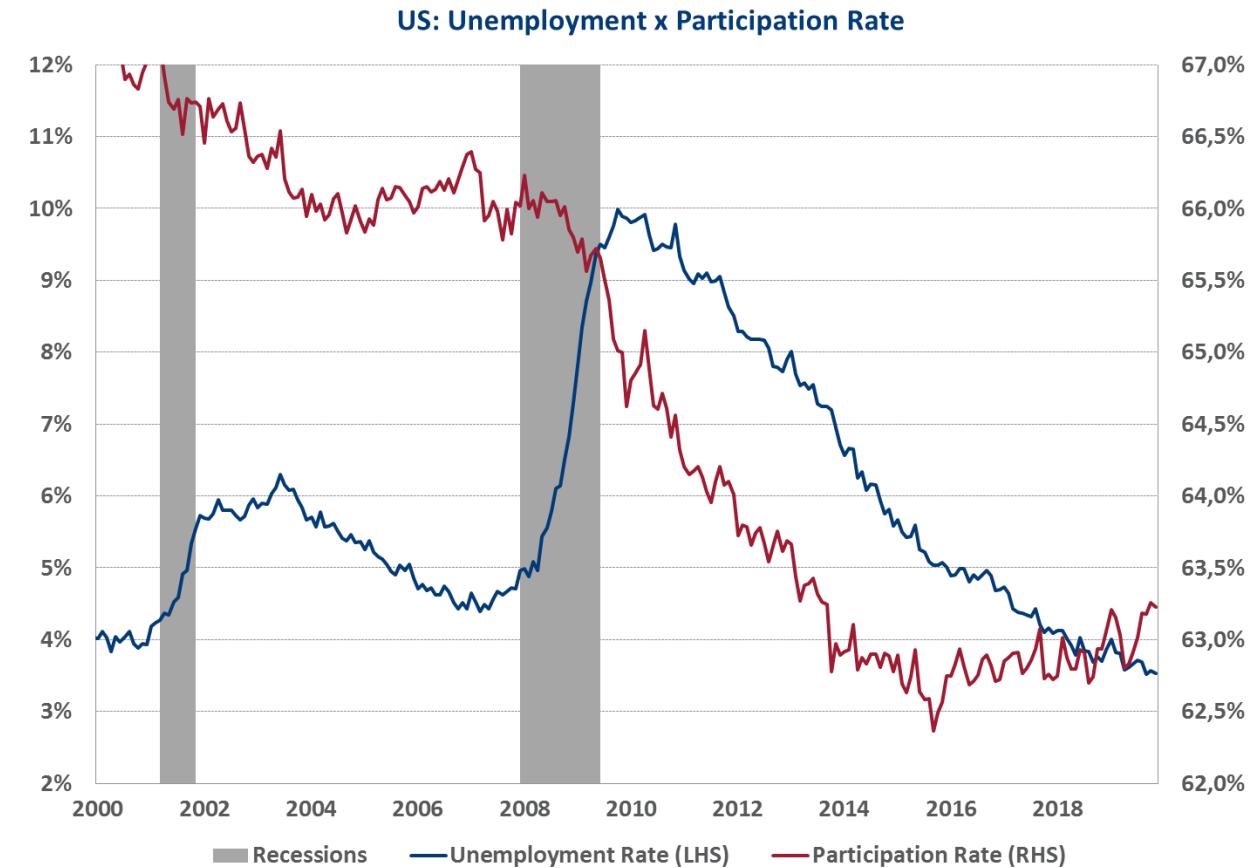
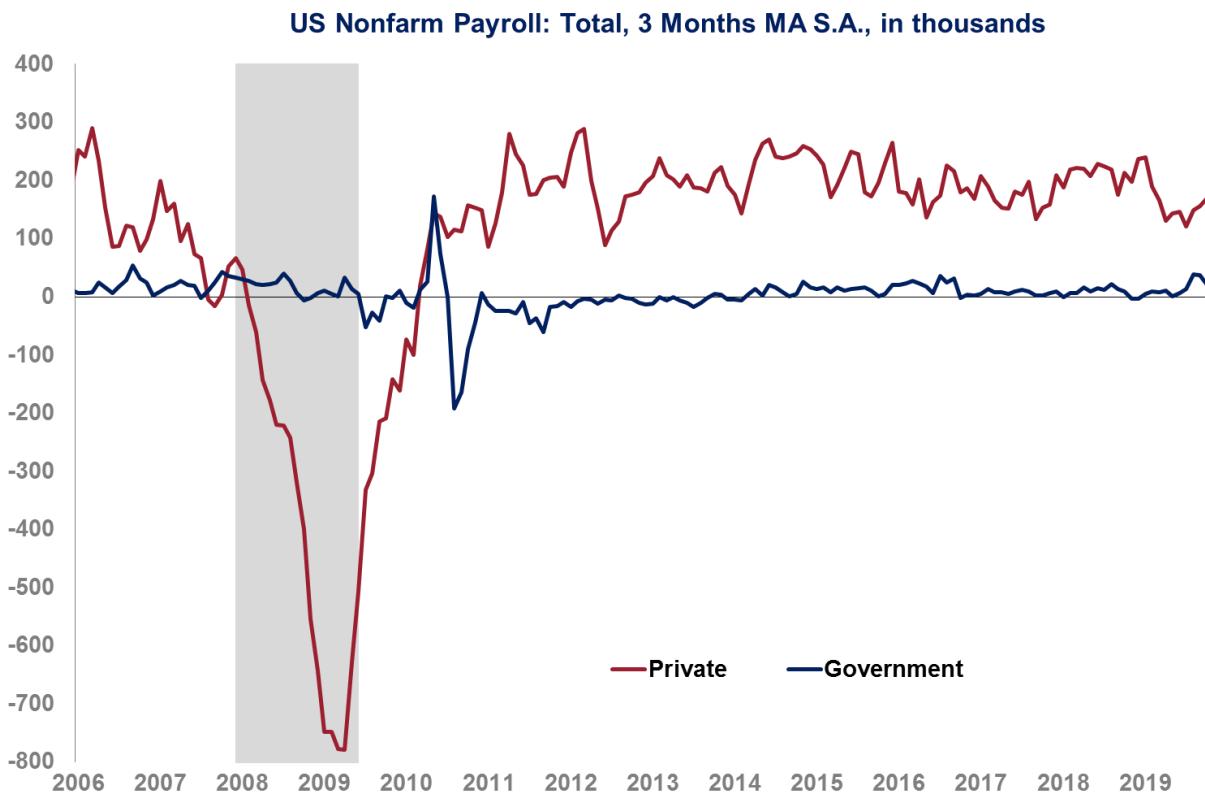
» Benchmark scenario of moderate, but consistent growth

US: GDP Growth - YoY



US: LABOR MARKET

» Labor market remains strong



» Slower but sustainable growth; Coronavirus will weigh negatively on Q1 activity



» As long as jobs are plentiful, counter-cyclical policies should be moderate



ECONOMIC FORECASTS	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020F	2021F
GDP Growth (%)	0,5%	-3,5%	-3,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,2%	2,1%	2,5%
Inflation (%)	6,4%	10,7%	6,3%	2,9%	3,7%	4,3%	3,7%	3,7%
Unemployment Rate, SA (%)	7,1%	9,6%	12,6%	12,4%	12,2%	11,7%	11,0%	10,7%
Policy Rate (%)	11,8%	14,3%	13,8%	7,0%	6,5%	4,5%	4,75%	6,5%
External Accounts								
Trade Balance (US\$ bn)	-4	20	48	67	53	39	37	40
Current Account Balance (US\$ bn)	-104	-59	-23	-10	-42	-51	-61	-60
Current Account Balance (% of GDP)	-4,3%	-3,3%	-1,3%	-0,7%	-2,2%	-2,8%	-3,2%	-2,5%
Fiscal Policy								
Fiscal Primary Balance (% of GDP)	-0,6%	-1,9%	-2,5%	-1,8%	-1,6%	-0,9%	-1,5%	-0,9%
Government Gross Debt (% of GDP)	57,2%	66,2%	69,4%	73,7%	77,2%	75,8%	77,0%	76,0%

BRAZIL: ACTIVITY

» We expect GDP growth in 2019 of 1.2%; accelerating into 2020 to 2.1%



BRAZIL: ACTIVITY

» Investments should be an important growth vector

Household Consumption - YoY



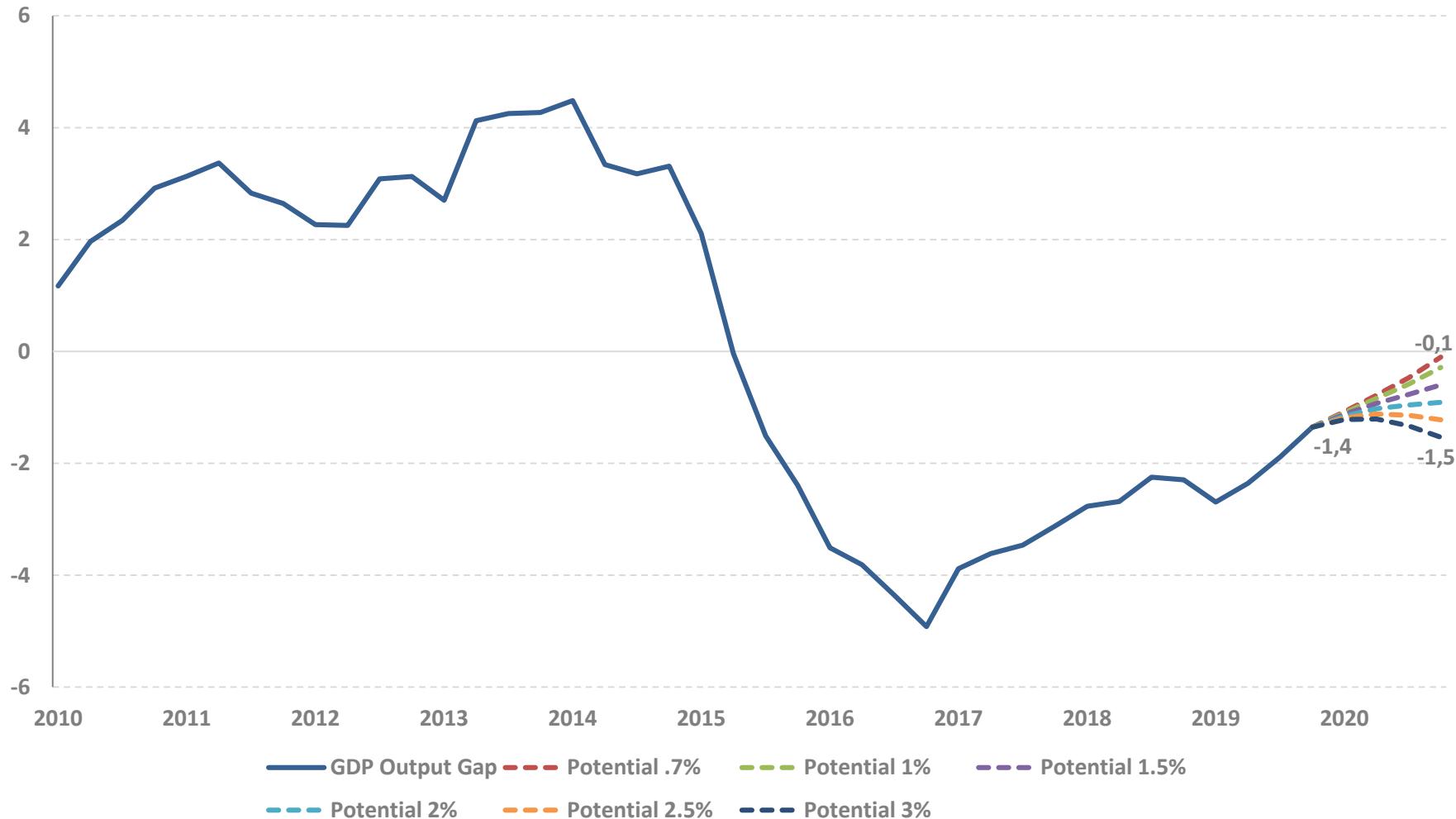
Capital Formation - YoY



BRAZIL: OUTPUT GAP

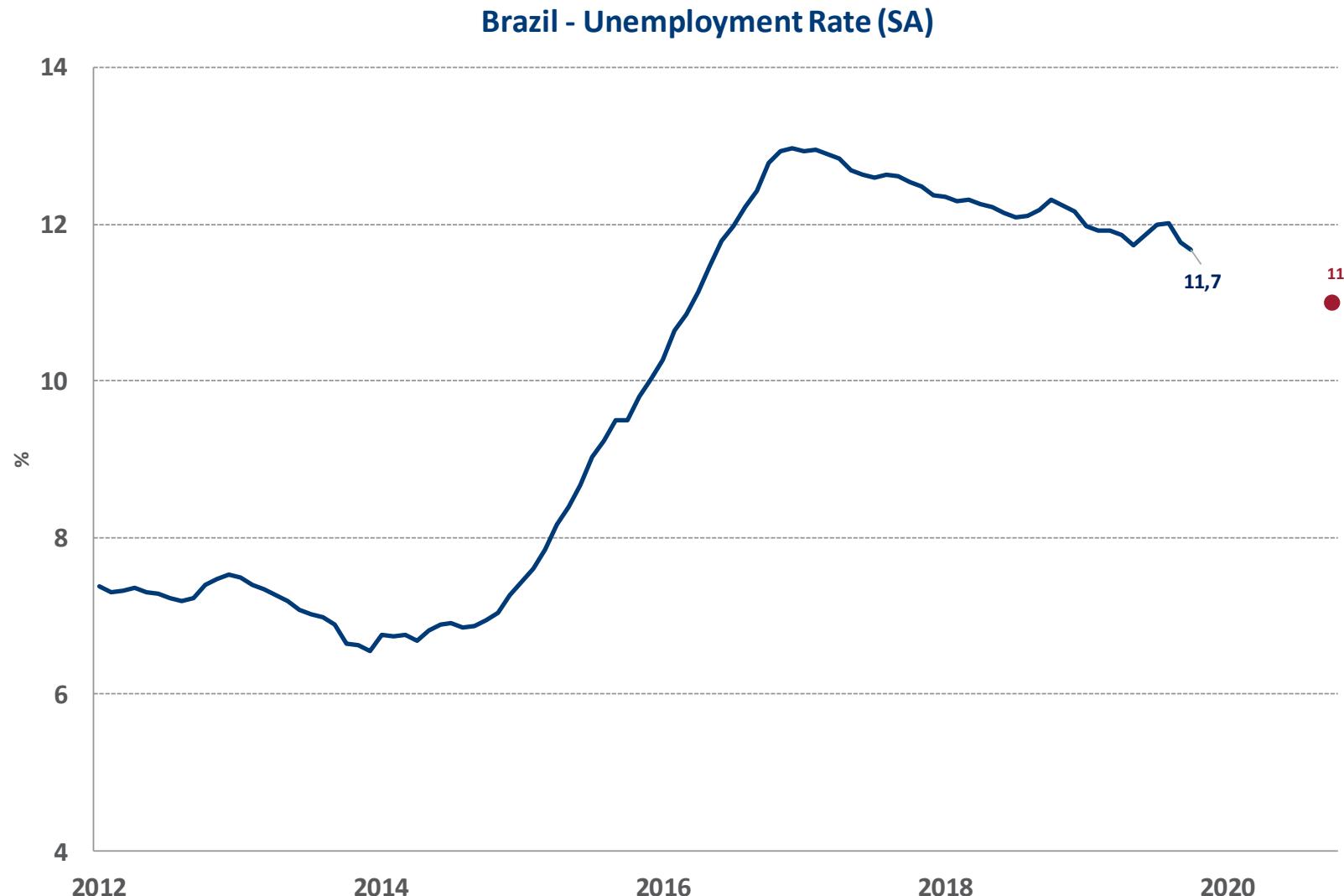
» Moderate growth implies substantial closing of Output gap

Brazil - Output Gaps and Forecasts



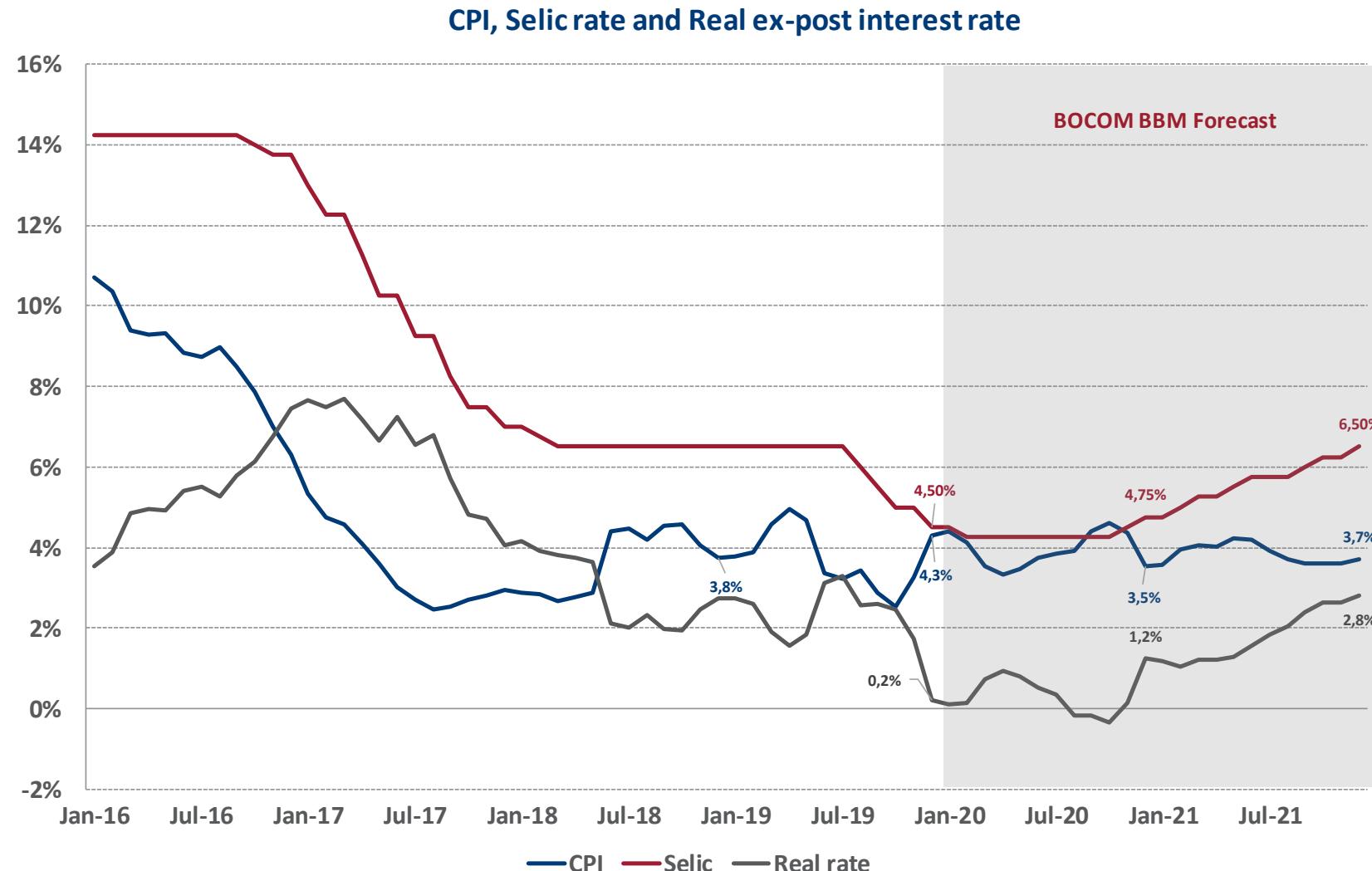
BRAZIL: LABOR MARKET

» Unemployment rate might decrease slowly despite improvement in formal job market



BRAZIL: MONETARY POLICY

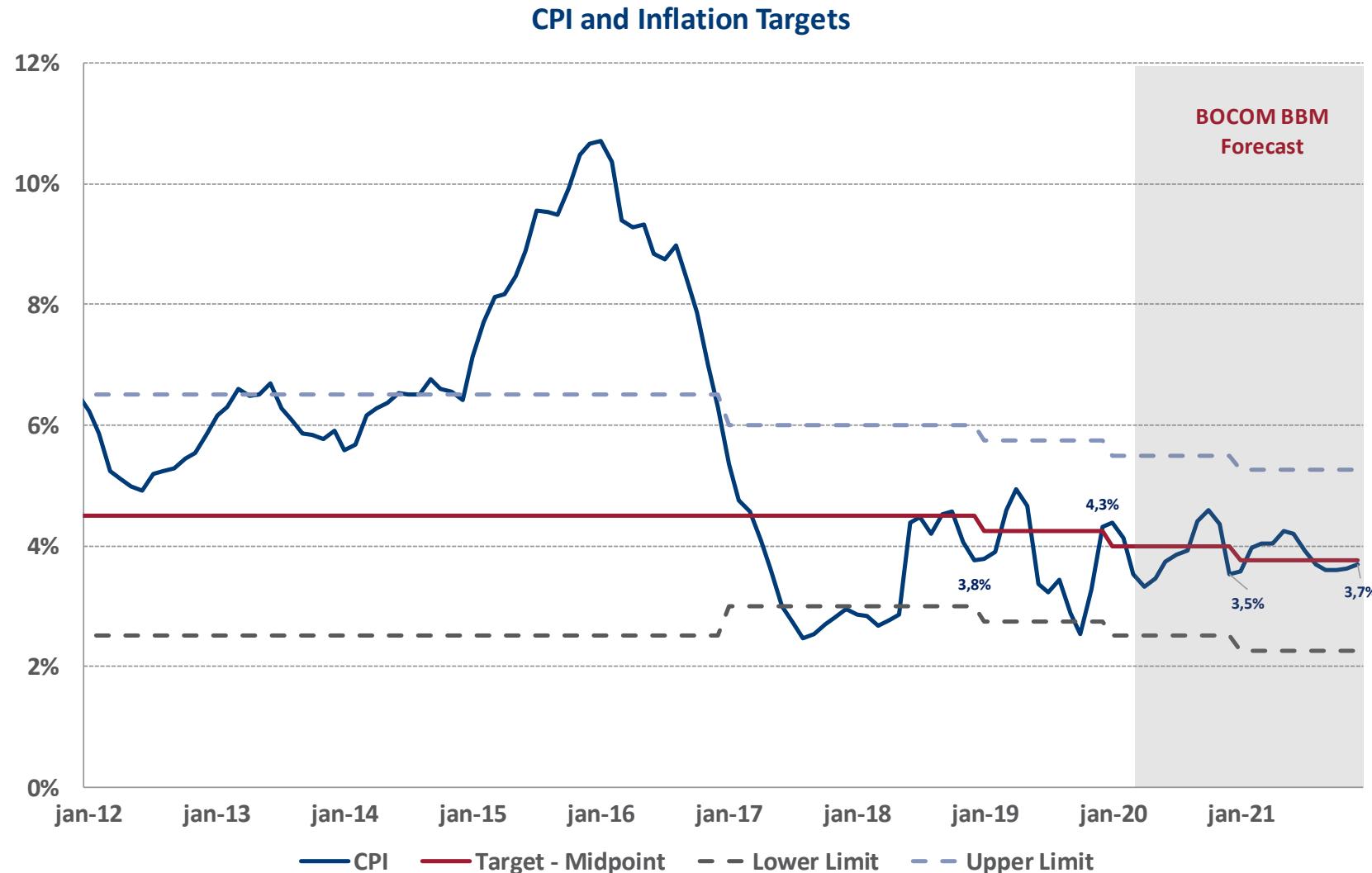
» Interest rates should begin to be normalized by the end of 2020



» New weights and still high unemployment should contain inflation below the target's midpoint

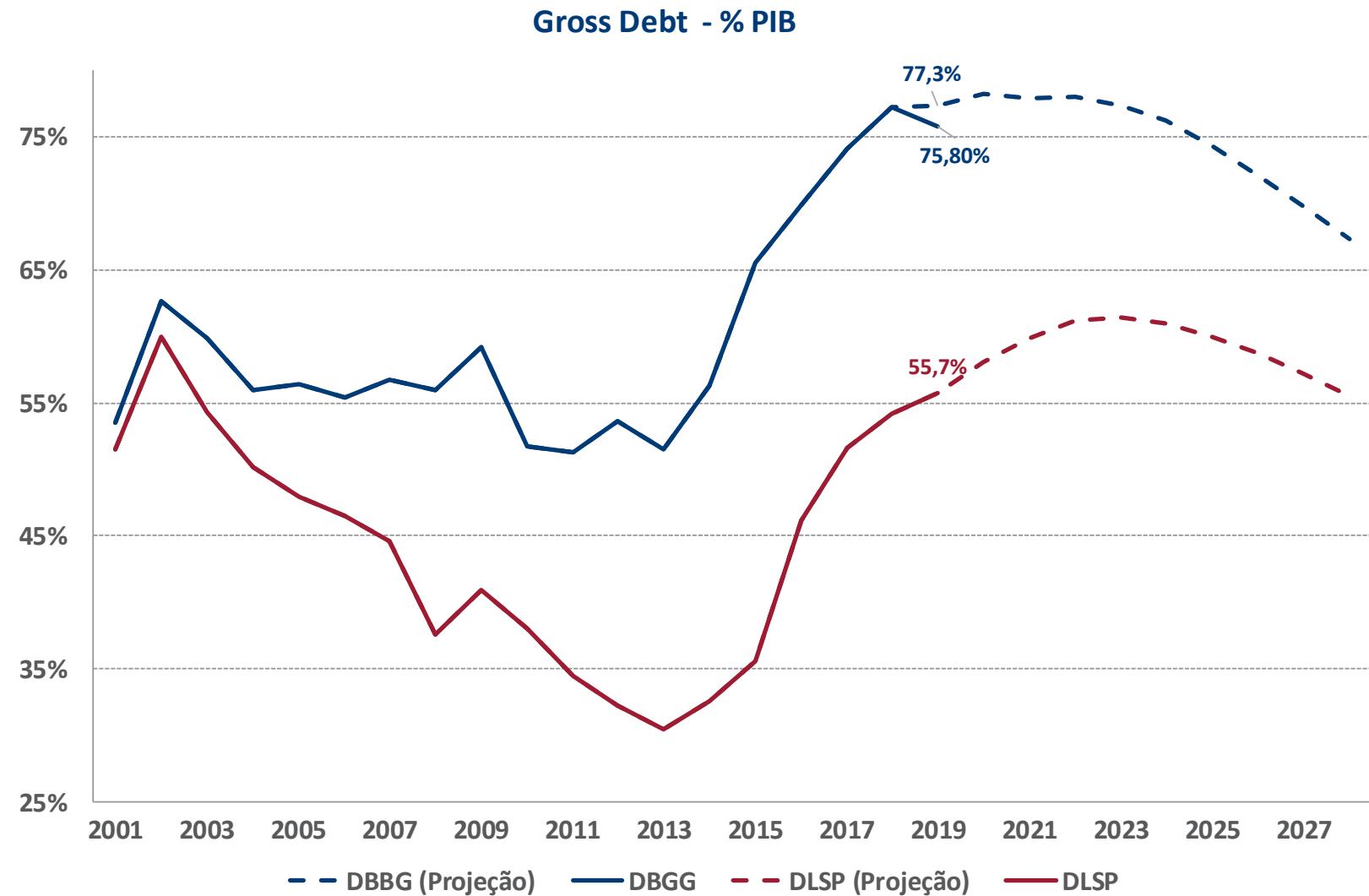
Baseline Scenario							
USD/BRL: 4.1 in 2020 4.0 in 2021							
GDP Growth: 2.1% in 2020, 2.5% in 2021							
Potential GDP Growth: 1% in 2020 e 1.5% in 2021							
	IPCA	Administred	Non-Regulated	Services	Food-at-Home	Industrial Products	Output-Gap
17 Q1	4,6%	5,6%	4,3%	6,1%	3,0%	2,5%	-3,7%
17 Q2	3,0%	3,3%	2,9%	5,7%	-0,6%	1,3%	-3,4%
17 Q3	2,5%	6,1%	1,4%	5,0%	-5,3%	1,0%	-3,3%
17 Q4	2,9%	8,0%	1,3%	4,5%	-4,9%	1,0%	-2,9%
18 Q1	2,7%	7,1%	1,3%	3,9%	-4,3%	1,2%	-2,5%
18 Q2	4,4%	11,8%	2,0%	3,2%	0,1%	1,7%	-2,4%
18 Q3	4,5%	10,4%	2,6%	3,2%	2,2%	1,8%	-2,0%
18 Q4	3,7%	6,2%	2,9%	3,3%	4,5%	1,2%	-2,0%
19 Q1	4,6%	6,3%	4,0%	3,6%	8,7%	1,4%	-2,4%
19 Q2	3,4%	3,7%	3,2%	4,0%	4,1%	1,5%	-2,0%
19 Q3	2,9%	2,9%	2,9%	3,6%	3,8%	1,2%	-1,6%
19 Q4	4,3%	5,5%	3,9%	3,5%	7,8%	1,7%	-1,2%
20 Q1	3,5%	4,5%	3,2%	3,7%	4,1%	1,7%	-1,1%
20 Q2	3,7%	3,3%	3,9%	3,9%	6,2%	2,2%	-0,9%
20 Q3	4,4%	3,4%	4,8%	4,1%	9,3%	2,8%	-0,7%
20 Q4	3,5%	3,0%	3,7%	4,1%	3,4%	3,1%	-0,5%
21 Q1	4,0%	4,0%	4,1%	4,3%	4,8%	3,2%	-0,3%
21 Q2	4,2%	4,6%	4,0%	4,3%	5,0%	3,0%	-0,1%
21 Q3	3,6%	4,3%	3,3%	4,3%	2,1%	2,6%	0,2%
21 Q4	3,7%	3,8%	3,7%	4,3%	3,9%	2,7%	0,4%

BRAZIL: MONETARY POLICY



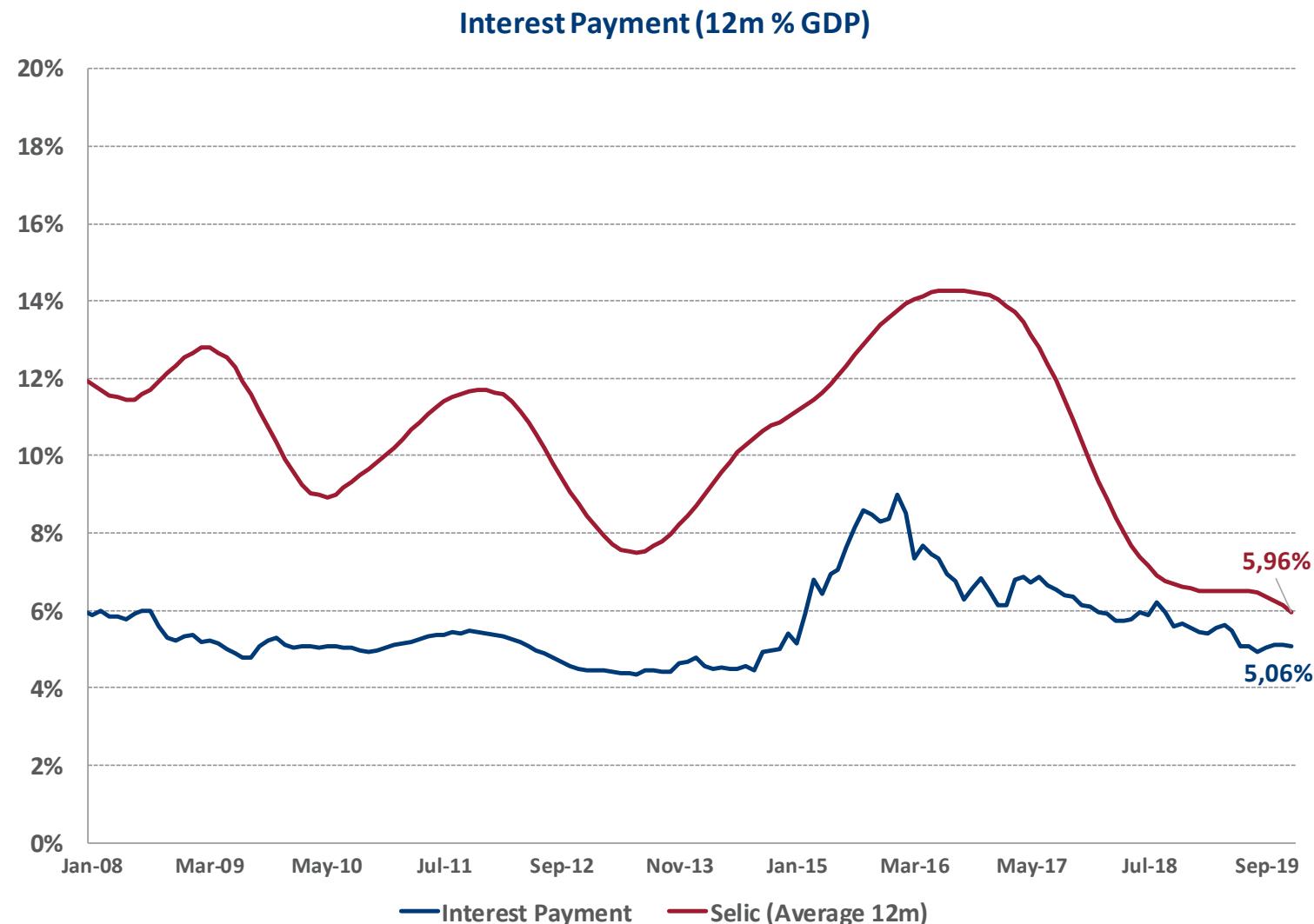
BRAZIL: DEBT DYNAMICS

» Better debt dynamics, but debt/GDP still high



BRAZIL: DEBT DYNAMICS

» Decline in interest rates a big driver of prospective improvement

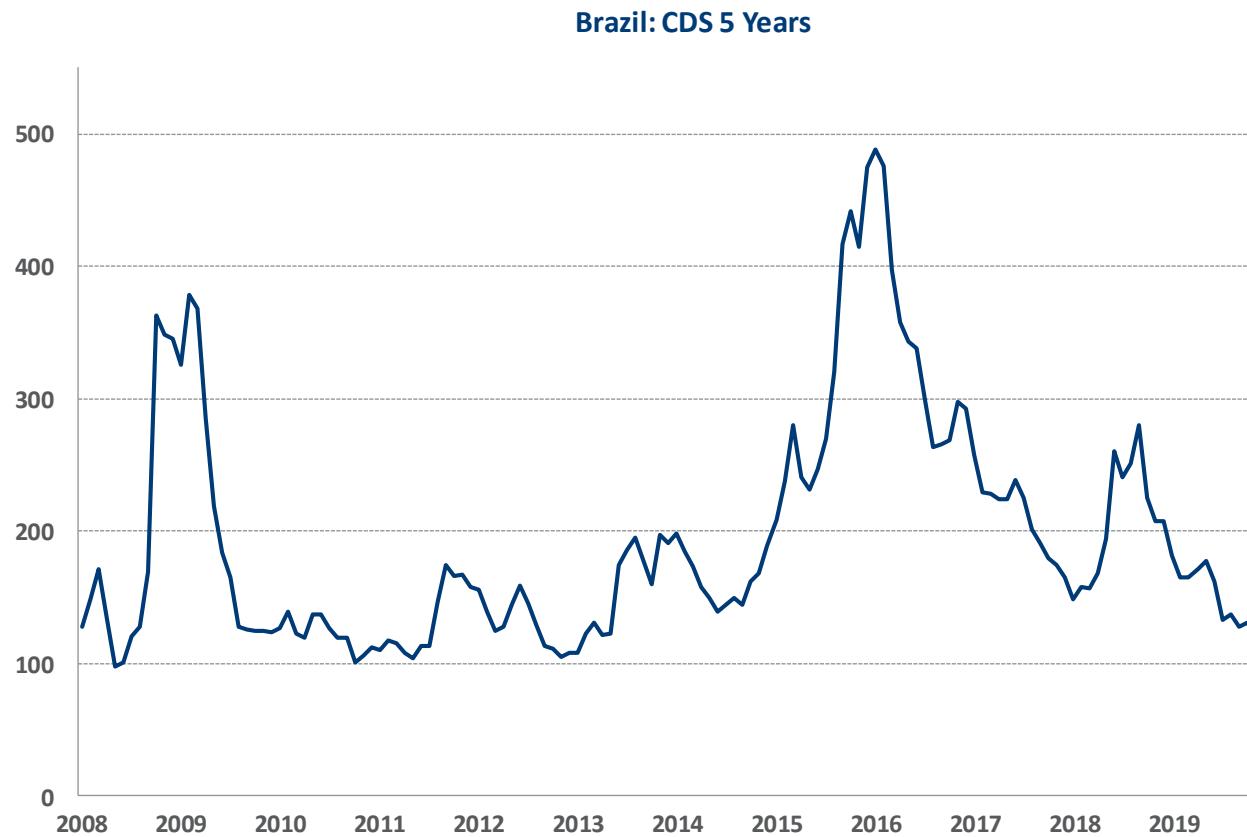


» Ministry of Economy sent 3 new Constitutional Amendments to the Senate in November:

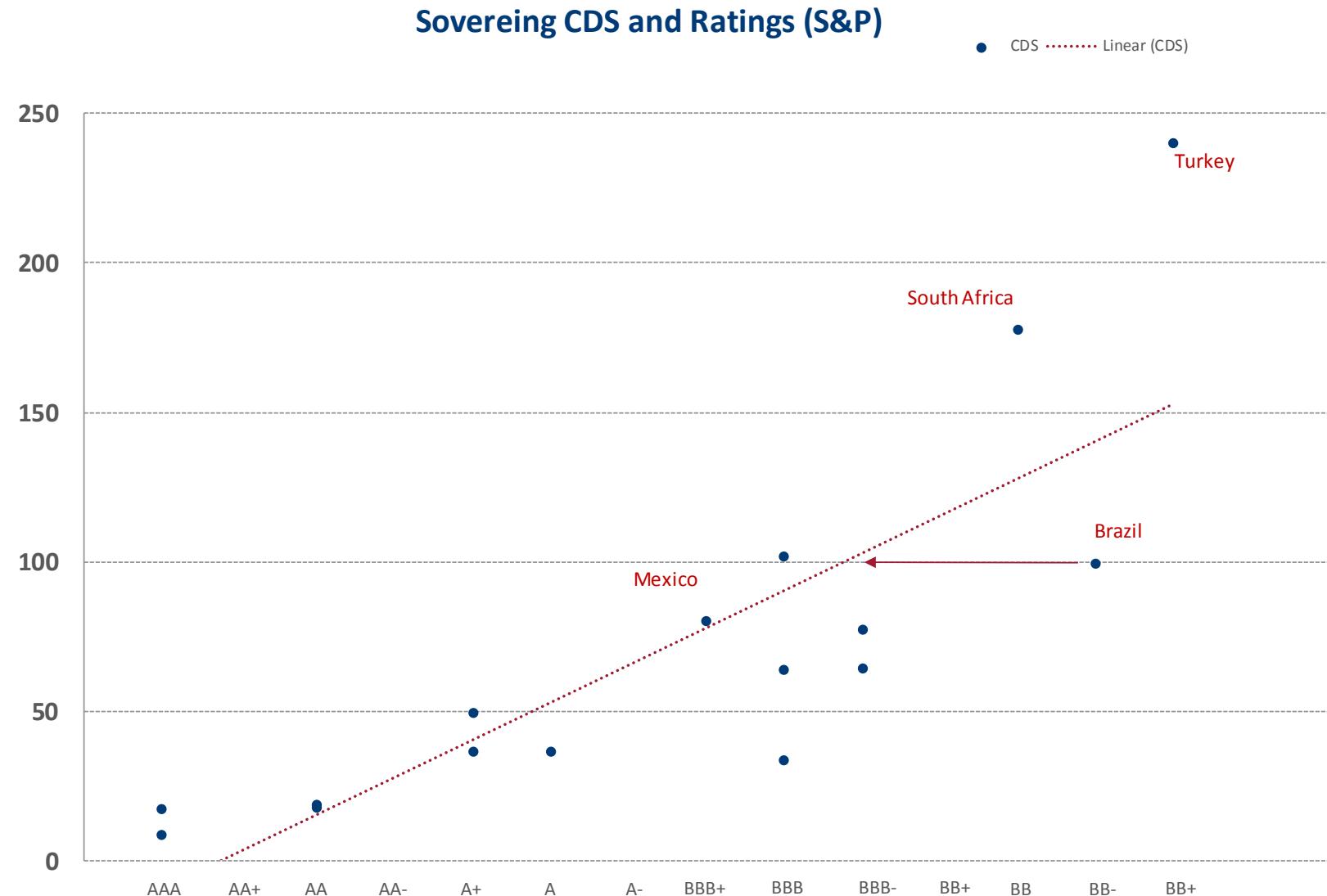
1. **“Emergency PEC”**: establishes thresholds and rules that trigger the freezing or cut of public employees when both federal or state governments breach certain benchmarks, allowing the decrease in expenditures
 2. **Federative Pact**: redistribution of revenue between the Federal and Local Govts (R\$ 400 bn); creation of a Fiscal Council; uniformization in budget standards for local administrations; overview of subsidies; No more federal backing to local govts debt, (and more...)
 3. **Earmarked Funds**: proposal to end the earmarking of revenue to several state funds, unfreezing around R\$ 220 bn of public money unused
- » “Emergency PEC” is the most relevant in the short run, and equivalent to a Constitutional amendment being appreciated by the House
- » Measures are needed to make the Expenditure cap viable and make budget administration easier and more effective

BRAZIL: RATING

» Upgrade probable in 2020; Market pricing already as *Investment grade*

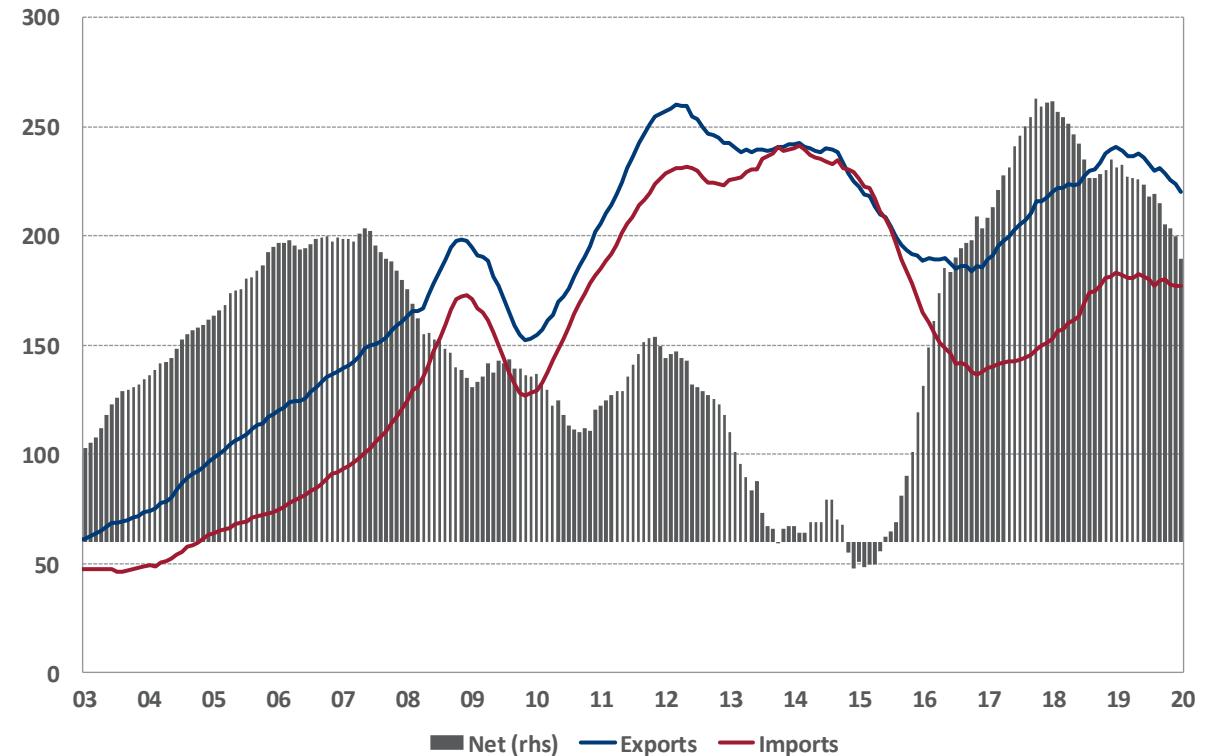


	Current	Outlook	Agency's First Investment Grade	Steps until IG
S&P	BB-	Positive	BBB-	3
Moody's	Ba2	Stable	Baa3	2
Fitch	BB-	Stable	BBB-	3

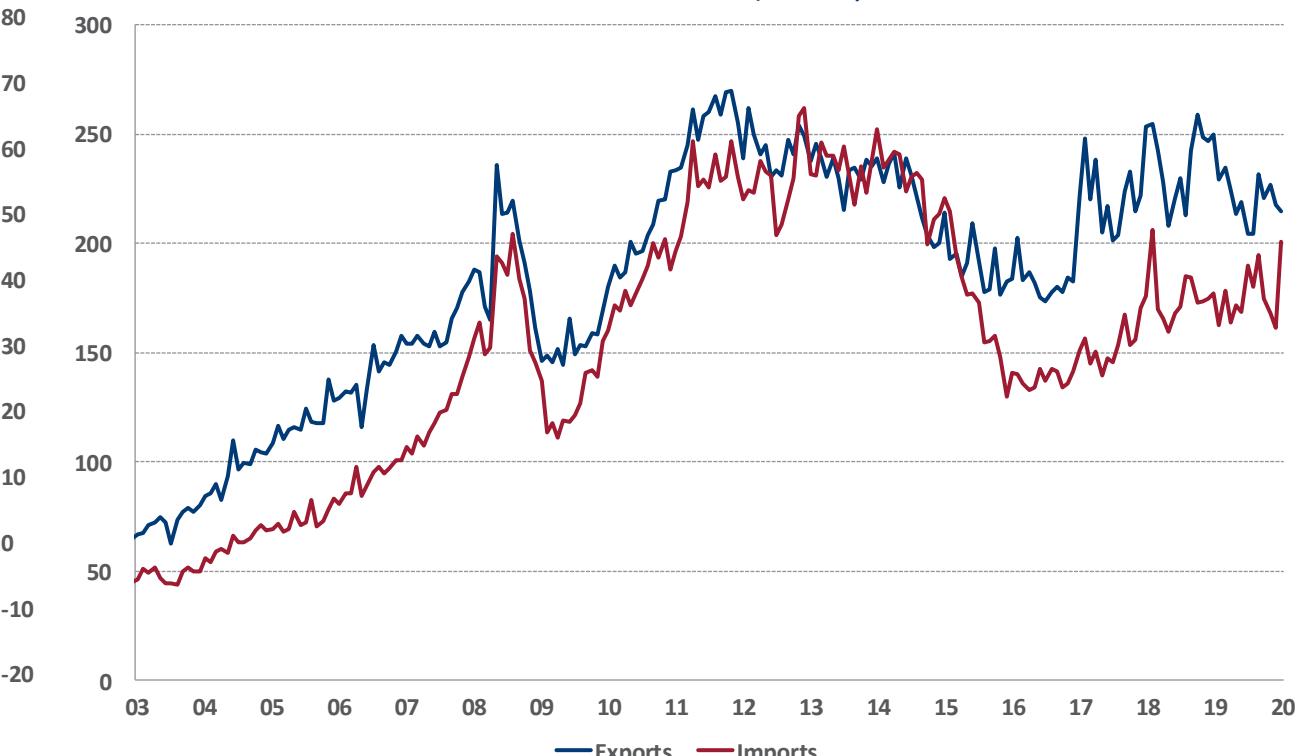


BRAZIL: Trade Balance

Trade Balance - US\$ Billion in 12m

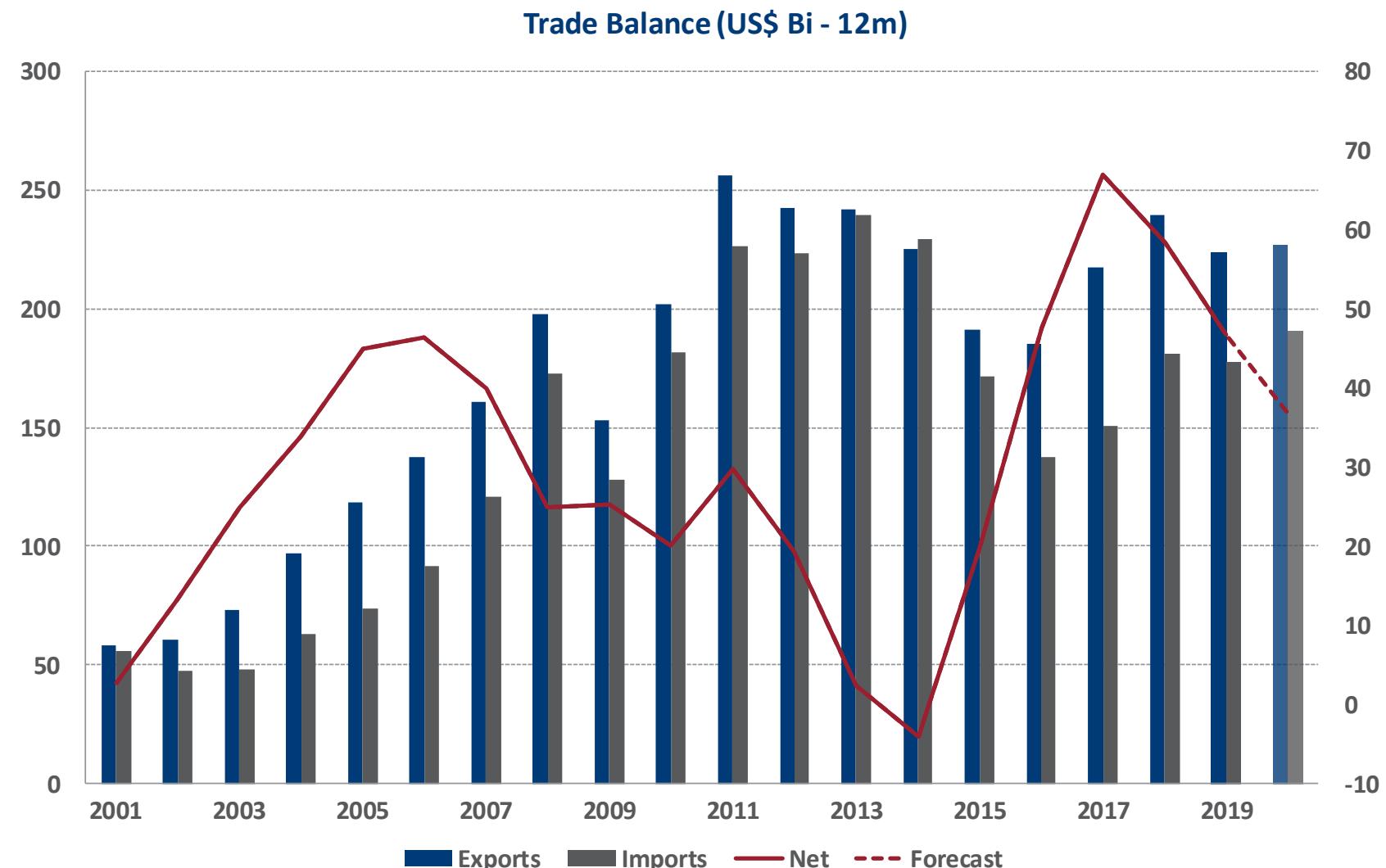


Brazil: Trade Balance - US\$ Billion, SAA



BRAZIL: TRADE

» Trade balance will should continue to feel the negative impacts from decelerating trade partners

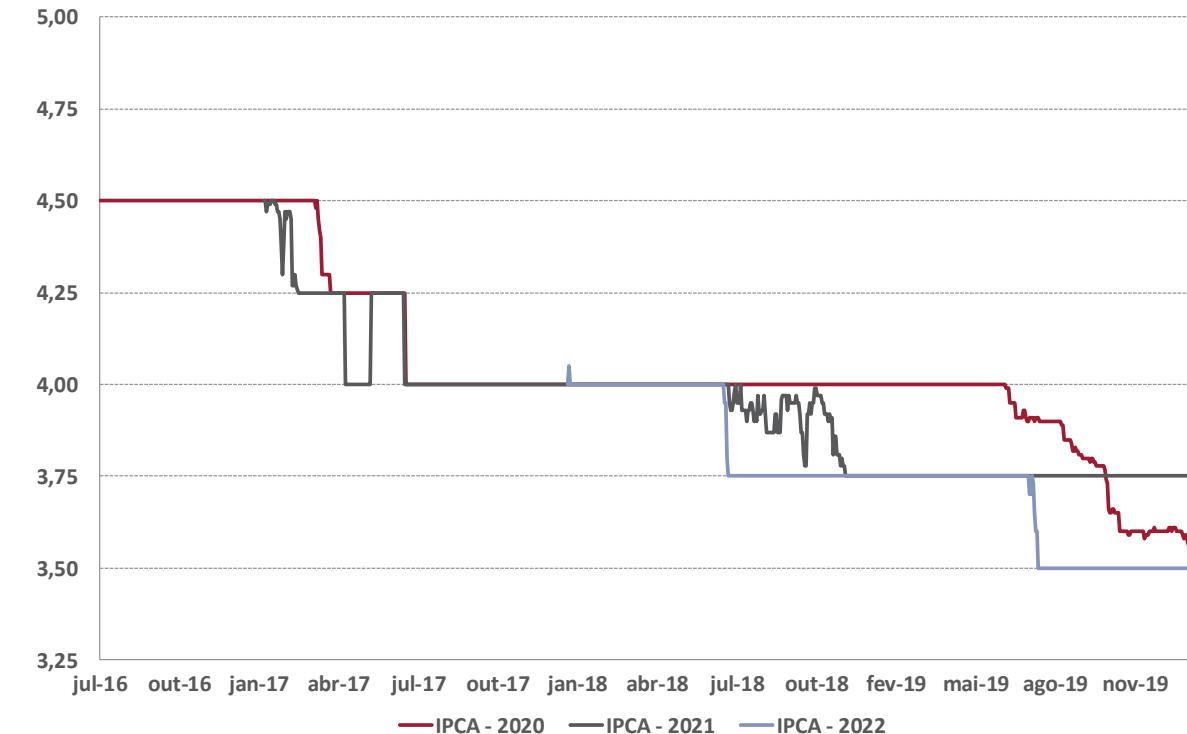


- » Current account deficit to increase, but portfolio investment could be an additional support

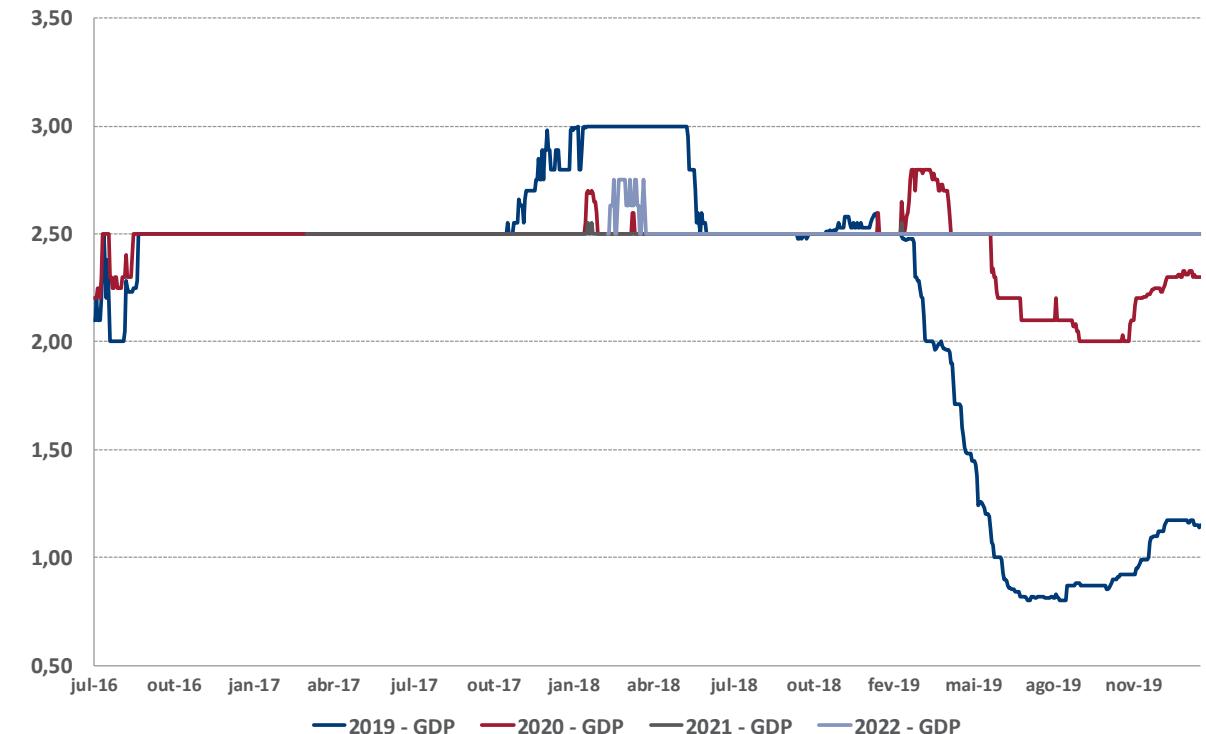
Balance of Payments - US\$ Billion				
	2017	2018	2019	2020
CURRENT ACCOUNT	-15,0	-41,5	-50,8	-61,3
%GDP	-0,7%	-2,2%	-2,8%	-3,1%
Trade Balance	64,0	53,0	53,0	37,0
Services	-37,9	-35,7	-35,1	-40,0
Income	-43,2	-58,8	-56,0	-60,0
Transfers	2,1	0,0	1,0	1,7
CAPITAL ACCOUNT	0,38	0,44	0,37	0,40
FINANCIAL ACCOUNT	9,2	42,4	27,0	57,0
Net Direct Investment	68,8	78,2	78,5	80,0
Net Portfolio Investment*		-9,4	-11,0	0,0

BRAZIL: MARKET FORECASTS

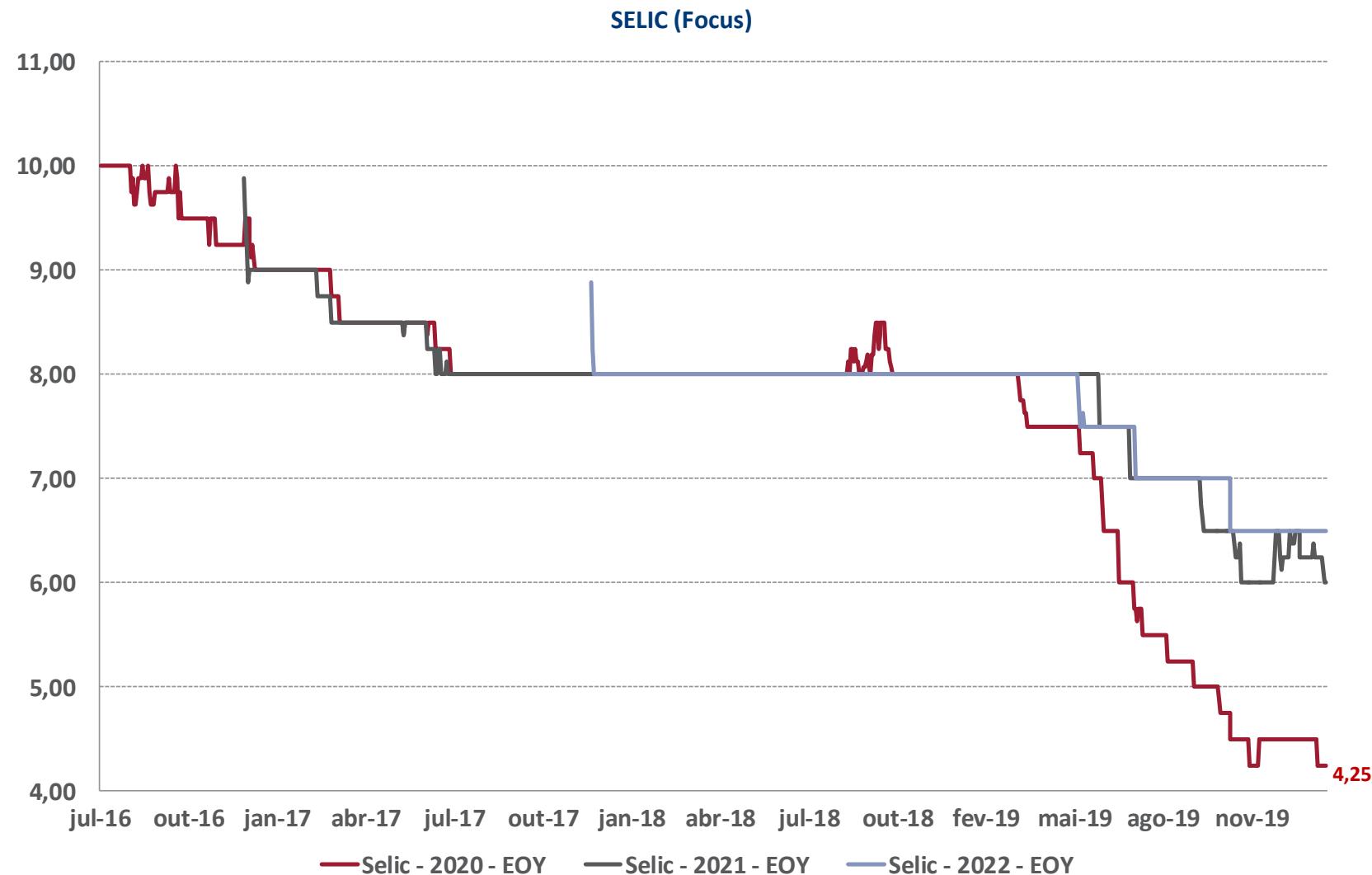
Expectativas de Inflação (Focus)



GDP Growth (Focus)



BRAZIL: MARKET FORECASTS



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