



MACRO OUTLOOK

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2020 MACRO OUTLOOK

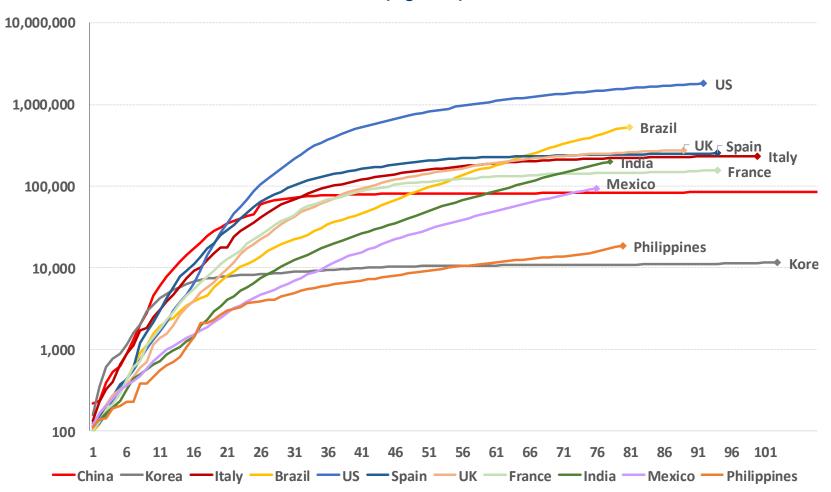


- Pandemic subdues in the Northern Hemisphere and countries start removing restrictive measures
- Chinese economy shows signs of recovery with a pick-up that is slower in consumption and services
- Sovernments deepen fiscal expansions to reduce the economic costs of the pandemic
- » Brazil: GDP could fall close to 6%; end of year inflation below the target's lower-bound
- Interest rates will remain low in a recovery marked by controlled inflation



Epidemic advances in Brazil



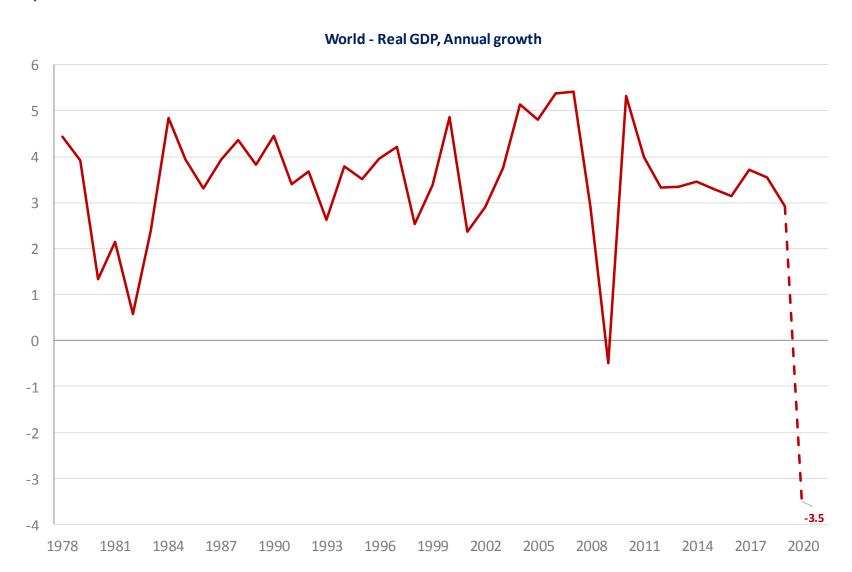


Source: ECDC, Bocom BBM

Covid-19: Global Growth



Global economy enters a recession



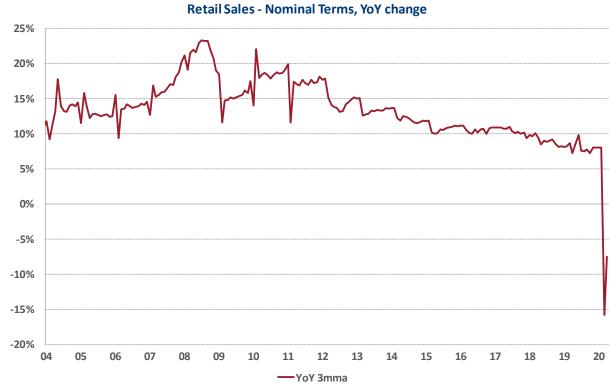
Source: OECD

Covid-19: China



» Activity shows recovery, with a pick-up that is slower in consumption and services





Source: CEIC, Bocom BBM

Covid-19: China



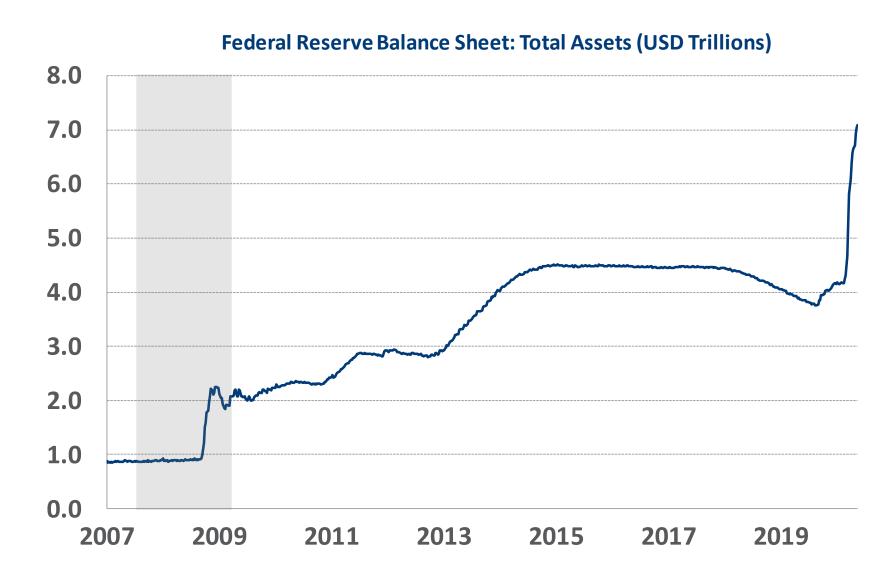
» Unemployment rates show increase, foreshadowing even more stimulus to contain economic damage



Covid-19: USA



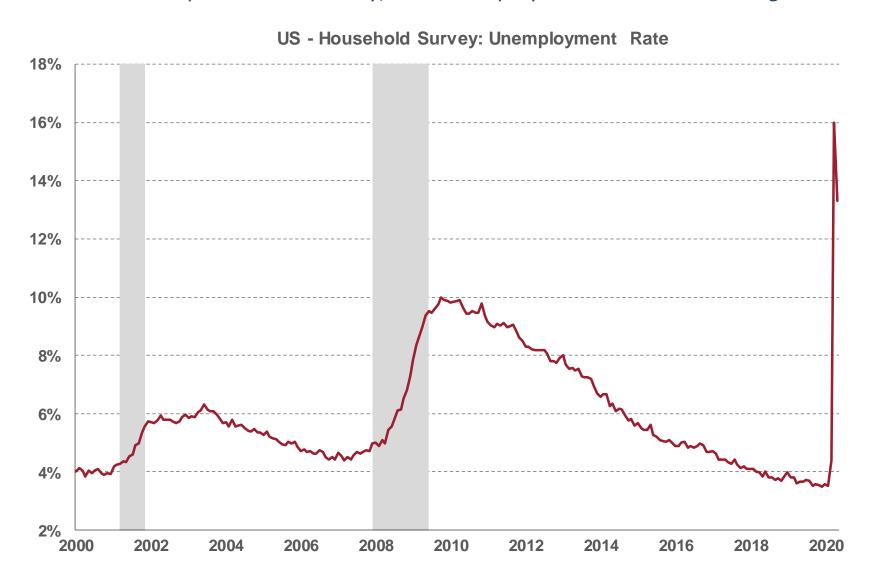
>>> FED's asset buying surpasses 2008-09 pace



Covid-19: USA



» Labor market shows some improvement in May, but unemployment rate remains high

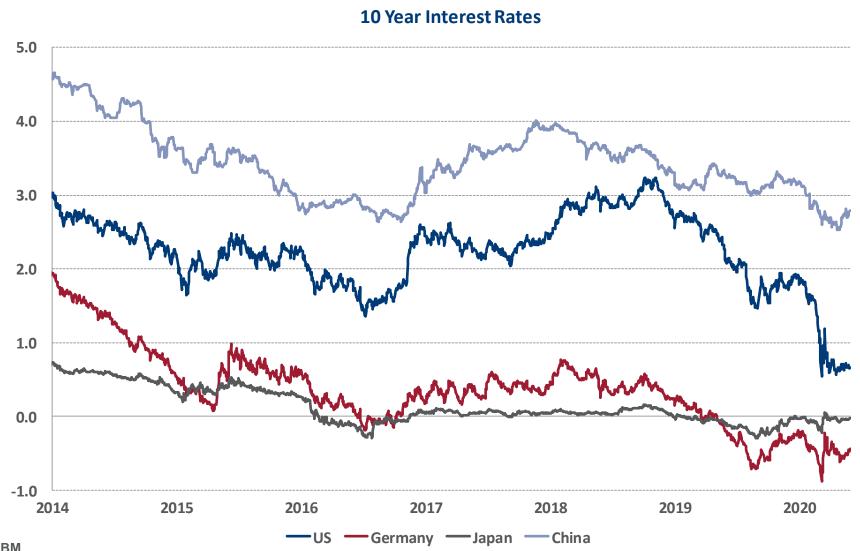


Source: FED St Louis

Global Interest Rates



Interest rates will remain at extremely low levels for the coming quarters



Source: Bloomberg, BOCOM BBM

Brazil: Forecasts

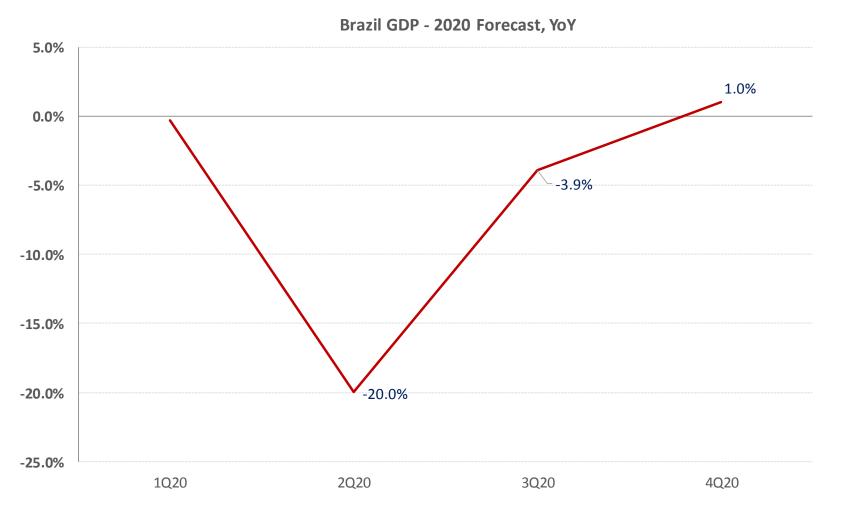


ECONOMIC FORECASTS	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020F	2021F
GDP Growth (%)	-3.3%	1.3%	1.3%	1.1%	-5.8%	3.8%
Inflation (%)	6.3%	2.9%	3.7%	4.3%	1.6%	3.0%
Unemployment Rate, SA (eoy ,%)	12.6%	12.4%	12.2%	11.7%	14.8%	12.5%
Policy Rate (eoy, %)	13.8%	7.0%	6.5%	4.5%	2.3%	5.0%
External Accounts						
Trade Balance (US\$ bn)	48	67	53	39	45	34
Current Account Balance (US\$ bn)	-23	-10	-42	-51	-10	-34
Current Account Balance (% of GDP)	-1.3%	-0.7%	-2.2%	-2.8%	-0.9%	-2.2%
Fiscal Policy						
Fiscal Primary Balance (% of GDP)	-2.5%	-1.8%	-1.6%	-0.9%	-10.6%	-2.5%
Government Gross Debt (% of GDP)	69.4%	73.7%	77.2%	75.9 %	94.0%	94.0%

Brazil: Growth scenarios



Some of the secure of the s

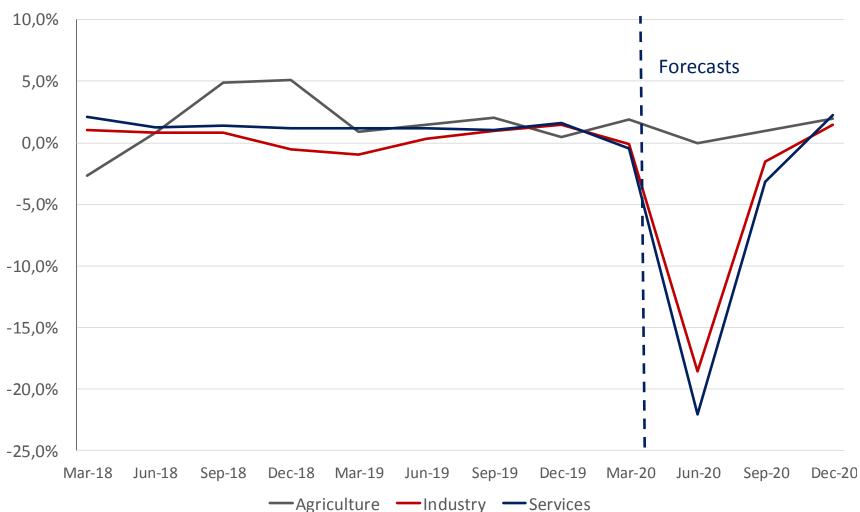


Brazil: Growth scenarios



Solution Series Seri

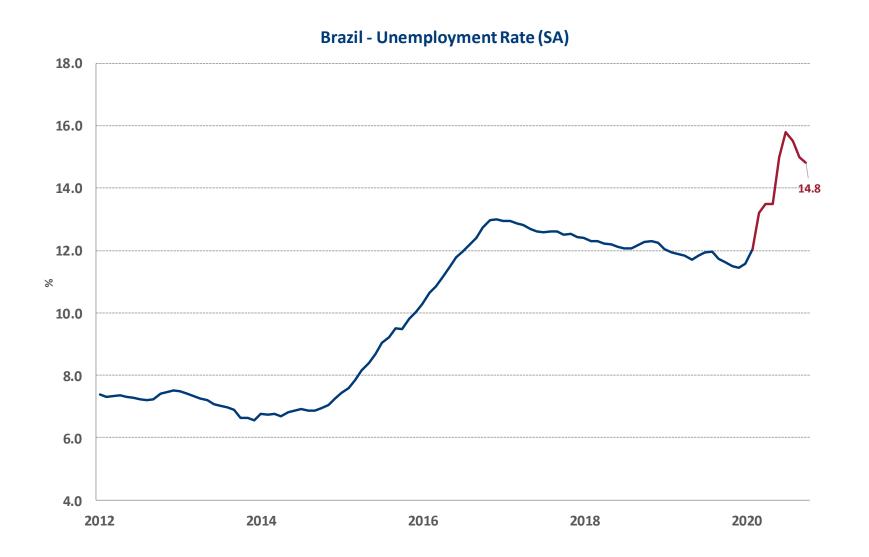
Brazil GDP - Supply side forecasts, YoY



Brazil: Labor Market



>> Unemployment rate will go up, but could revert part of the increase throughout the last quarter



Brazil: Inflation



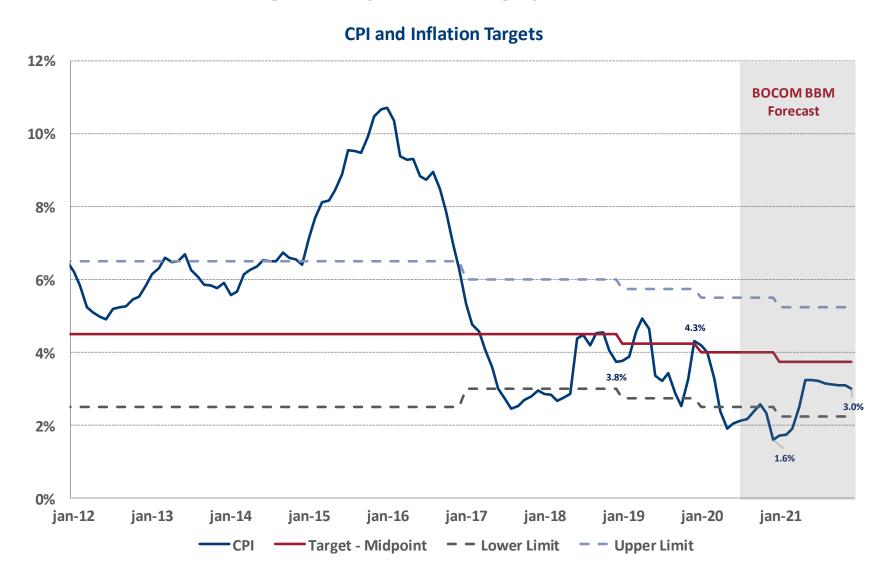
» Pressure from falling gasoline prices in the short term reinforces deflationary bias of the shock

Baseline Scenario							
	СРІ	Regulated	Non-Regulated				
19 Q1	4.6%	6.3%	4.0%				
19 Q2	3.4%	3.8%	3.2%				
19 Q3	2.9%	2.9%	2.9%				
19 Q4	4.3%	5.5%	3.9%				
20 Q1	3.3%	4.8%	2.9%				
20 Q2	2.0%	-1.0%	3.0%				
20 Q3	2.4%	0.0%	3.3%				
20 Q4	1.6%	0.3%	2.0%				
21 Q1	1.9%	1.3%	2.1%				
21 Q2	3.3%	6.6%	2.2%				
21 Q3	3.1%	6.0%	2.1%				
21 Q4	3.0%	4.9%	2.4%				

Brazil: Inflation



» Inflation should remain below the target's midpoint, leaving space for low interest rate levels

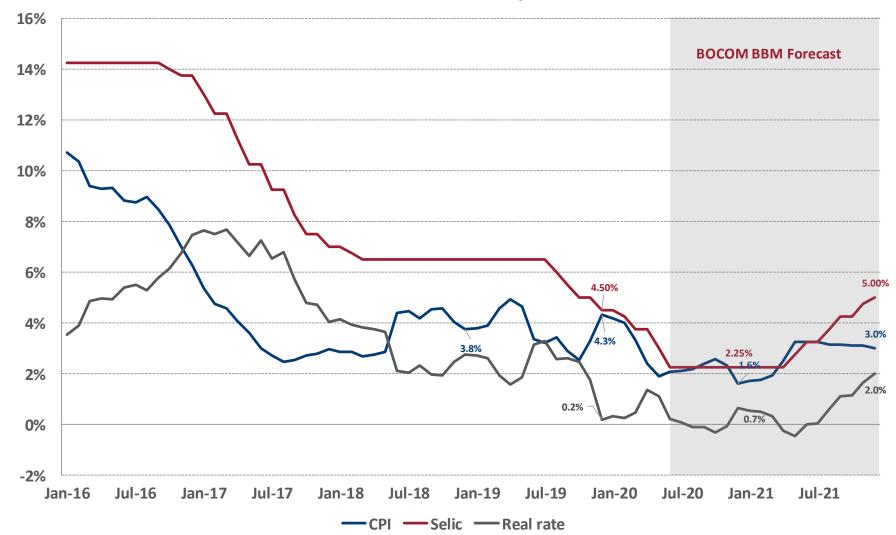


BRAZIL: MONETARY POLICY



Selic rate should remain at 2.25% until the end of the year, with normalization starting in mid 2021

CPI, Selic rate and Real ex-post interest rate



Brazil: Fiscal



- >>> Fiscal policies to mitigate the impacts of the crisis above 8% of GDP
- Primary deficit should be above 10% of GDP in 2020, returning to around 2.5% of GDP in 2021 if the Spending cap remains in place

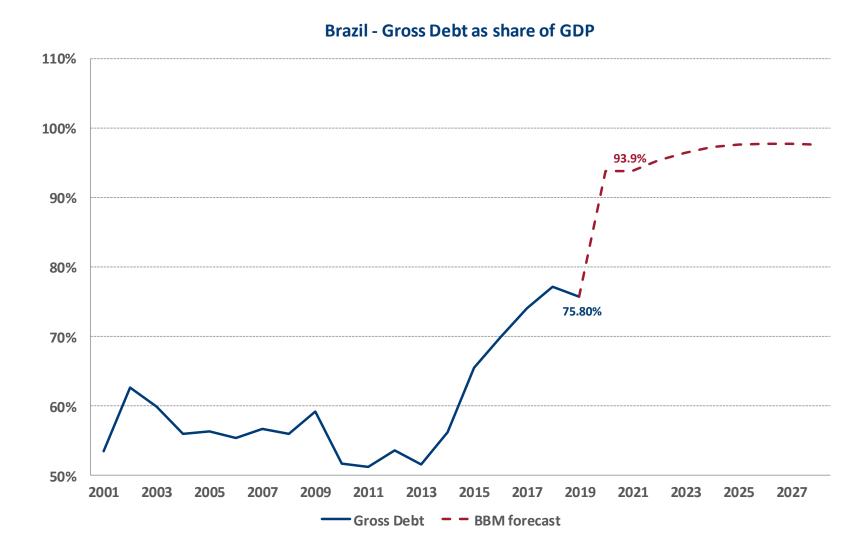
Covid-19 Policy Response	R\$ Bilions	%GDP
Federal Government		
Taxes Defferal	352	4,9%
Emergencial aid for the vulnerable population	180	2,5%
Healthcare	28	0,4%
Emergencial aid for states and municipalities	171	2,4%
Labor support	245	3,4%
Total	976	13,5%
Total ex-taxes defferal	624	8,6%
BCB		
Liquidity Support	1216	-
Capital Support	1157	-
Special Credit Line for small and medium-sized companies (40	-
Federal Public Banks		
BNDES	82	1,1%
CAIXA	111	1,5%

Fonte: STN, BOCOM BBM

Brazil: Fiscal



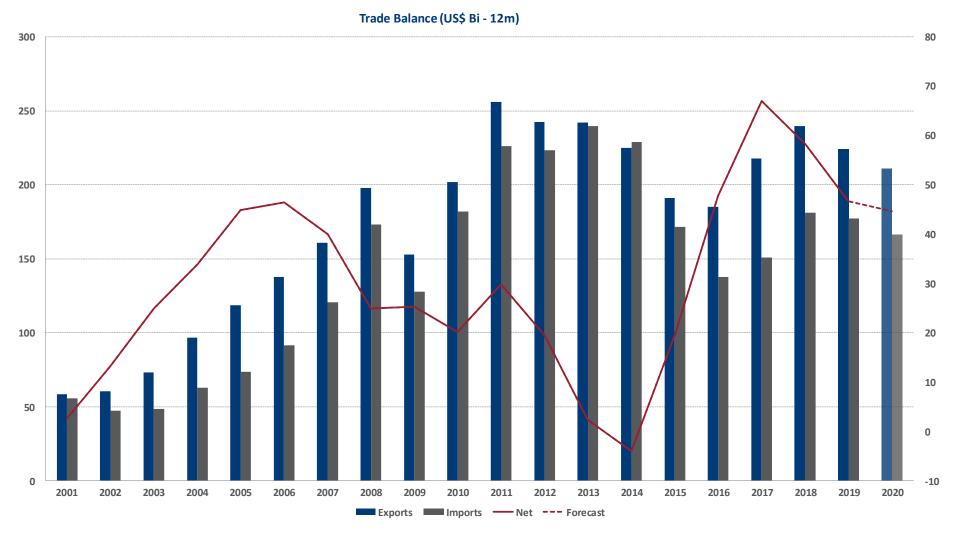
- >>> Fiscal measures to mitigate economic fallouts will induce a sharp rise in the Debt/GDP ratio
- » It is essential to keep the fiscal deterioration contained to 2020



Brazil: Trade Balance



The trade balance will continue to suffer from the impacts of deceleration of commercial partners and from the decrease in commodity prices



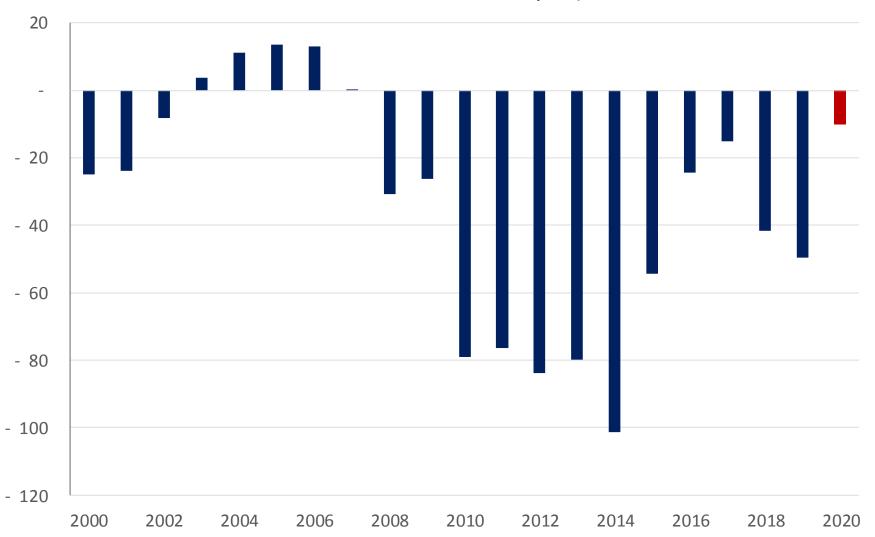
Brazil: Trade Balance

Source: BCB, BOCOM BBM



>>> Nevertheless the current account deficit will shrink significantly







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